

# FireJet<sup>™</sup> FJ240

Solid State UV LED Curing System User Manual

Revision: 8 April 2024 Specifications are subject to change without notice. Copyright(C) 2024 Phoseon Technology. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be stored in a retrieval system, transmitted, or used in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise without the prior permission of the copyright holder.

For Technical Assistance Contact:

Phone +1 503 439 6446 • Fax +1 503 439 6408

Email: customerservice@phoseon.com

Website: <a href="https://www.phoseon.com">www.phoseon.com</a>

Contact Phoseon Sales for a Return Material Authorization (RMA)

The corporate and product names and logos, including PHOSEON and the PHOSEON SWIRL, are the registered or unregistered trademarks or service marks of Phoseon Technology, Inc. Product offered by Phoseon is covered by US Patent(s) and additional pending US and foreign patents.

## **Table of Content**

Table of Content	3
Overview and Safety	
UV Curing System Components  Product Safety Information	
Setup & Installation	8
Electrical	
Requirements for FJ240 Light Sources Configured End-to-End	
Mechanical Installation	
Product Specifications	11
Reducing Light Reflection	
Control Drawings	19
DC Power Cables, 2m	28
Air Flow	30
PLC & RS485 Control	31
Connecting an Interlock	31
Connecting Multiple Light Sources	32
Operation	33
On/Off Control	33
Intensity Control	33
Lamp Ready & Fault Feedback Output	33
Irradiance as a Function of Distance	34
Monitoring Temperature	34
Service	36
Troubleshooting Guide	
Window Cleaning Instructions	38
Declaration of Conformity	39

## **Overview and Safety**

## **UV Curing System Components**

The FireJet<sup>™</sup> FJ240 system consists of the following components:

- FireJet FJ240 Light Source
- DC Power Supply
- Control

The product label on the FJ240 light source identifies the production model and configuration. See the example (pictured right):

- *FireJet* is the product family
- *FJ240 150x40* is the model number
  - o 150 indicates the UV emitting length in mm
  - o 40 indicates the UV emitting width in mm
- Configuration information follows the model number
  - o **AC** defines the unit as air cooled
  - o 395 defines wavelength in nm
  - o 8W defines the peak irradiance in W/cm<sup>2</sup>





Figure 1.1: Safety Label Placement (safety label on back of product)

**Note:** Current specification on product label may vary based on product

configuration.

CAUTION: The window frame may become a hot surface during UV

operation.



# **Product Safety Information**



## **UV LED Curing Sources**

#### Intended Use

Phoseon light sources and optional power supplies are supplied as "open type" equipment. These system components must be mounted within an enclosure that is suitably designed for the specific environmental conditions present for the final product, and appropriately designed to prevent personal injury resulting from accessibility to live parts.

#### **Protective Guards**

Phoseon light sources include protective guards to fully enclose electrical mechanisms that may cause operator harm during normal use. These fixed guards adhere to the appropriate international safety standards.

CAUTION: Do not operate the light sources or the machine in which they are installed while any safety guards are open, loose, damaged, or missing.

Phoseon light sources are classified as Risk Group 3 under IEC 62471 at a distance of 200mm.

Risk groups defined in IEC 62471:

**Exempt** - There is no photo-biological hazard for the end points in this standard.

**Risk Group 1** - Low Risk. Does not pose a hazard due to normal behavioral limitations on exposure.

**Risk Group 2** - Moderate Risk. Does not pose a hazard due to aversion response to very bright light sources or due to thermal discomfort.

Risk Group 3 - High Risk. May pose a hazard even for momentary or brief exposure.

WARNING: DO NOT LOOK DIRECTLY AT THE UV LIGHT SOURCE WITHOUT WEARING

**UV SAFETY GOGGLES.** 

Note: A portion of the UV light will be visible and will be a strong visual

stimulus.

**Minimum requirement:** UVEX SCT-orange lens which reduces eye fatigue by absorbing blue and green light and allows the operator to clearly view components during curing and inspection processes while absorbing 99.9% of UV radiation and visible light up to 532nm.

**Note:** Phoseon UV LED products emit 90% or more of the total UV light energy

in a narrow wavelength band:

Wavelength	Band
365nm	345 to 385nm
385nm	370 to 410nm
395nm	380 to 420nm
405nm	390 to 430nm

## **Hazard and Safety Notices**

The symbols and labels in the following table are used in Phoseon's light source product documentation and on the product labels. Please familiarize yourself with the symbols and their meaning in order to avoid misuse of the product.

Table 1.1: Safety Notices

	English Description	French Description	Italian Description	German Description	Spanish Description	Dutch Description	Polish Description
Symbol	Symbol Safety Co		Avvertenze sulla sicurezza	Sicherheits- hinweise	Notas de Seguridad	Veiligheids- aanduidingen	Ostrzeżenia dotyczące bezpieczeństwa
<u>^!\</u>	Attention Read manual for safety instructions	Attention Lisez les instructions de sécurité dans le manuel	Attenzione Leggere il manuale per le avvertenze sulla sicurezza	Achtung Bitte Vorsichtsmaß- nahmen in der Gebrauchsan- leitung lesen	Atención Lea el manual de Instrucciones de seguridad	Opgelet Lees handleiding voor veiligheids- voorschriften	Uwaga Zapoznaj się z zaleceniami bezpiec- zeństwa w instrukcji
*	UV Light Read manual for safety instructions	Lumière UV Lisez les instructions de sécurité dans le manuel	Luce UV Leggere il manuale per le avvertenze sulla sicurezza	UV LICHT Bitte Vorsichtsmaß- nahmen in der Gebrauchsan- leitung lesen	Luz UV Lea el manual de Instrucciones de seguridad	UV-licht Lees handleiding voor veiligheids- voorschriften	Promieniowa- nie UV Zapoznaj się z zaleceniami bezpiec- zeństwa w instrukcji
<u></u>	Hot Surface	Surface Chaude	Superficie calda	Heiße Oberfläche	Superficie Caliente	Heet oppervlak	Gorąca powierzchnia
RISK GROUP 3 UV EMITTED FROM THIS PRODUCT Avoid eye and skin exposure to unshielded product.	Warning RISK GROUP 3 UV EMITTED FROM THIS PRODUCT Avoid eye and skin exposure to unshielded product.	Avertissement Rayonnement UV À Risque de Groupe 3 Eviter l'exposition des yeux et de la peau sans protection adéquat.	Attenzione DA QUESTO PRODOTTO EMISSIONI UV DELLA CLASSE DI RISCHIO 3 Evitare l'esposizione di occhi e pelle al prodotto non schermato.	Warnung Dieser Strahler emittiert UV- Strahlung der Risikogruppe 3. Setzen Sie Haut und Augen nicht der Strahlung des nicht abgeschirmten Strahlers aus.	Advertencia RADIACION UV DE RIESGO GRUPO 3 EMITIDA POR ESTE PRODUCTO Evite la exposición de ojos y piel por el producto sin protección adecuada.	Waarschuwing UV-STRALING RISICOGROEP 3 UITGEZONDEN VAN DIT PRODUCT Vermijd blootstelling van ogen en huid aan niet- afgeschermd product.	Ostrzeżenie GRUPA ZAGROŻENIA 3 PRODUKT EMITUJE PROMIENIOW ANIE UV Unikać wystawiania skóry i oczu na działanie nieosło- niętego produktu.

Similar to the ANSI Z535.4 standard, the ISO 3864-2 standard defines the hazard severity panels as follows:

Yellow safety alert symbol Indicates possible human injury hazard exists.

**DANGER signal word:** used to indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING signal word: used to indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



**CAUTION signal word:** used to indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



#### Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

Phoseon Technology declares, to the best of our knowledge based on available information conducted to us, that our light sources do not contain any homogeneous materials that:

- Contains lead (Pb) in excess of 0.1 weight -% (1000 ppm)
- Contains mercury (Hg) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains hexavalent chromium (Cr VI) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) or polybrominated dimethyl ethers (PBDE) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains cadmium (Cd) in excess of 0.01 weight-% (100 ppm)

### Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Phoseon Technology has determined our products are not subject to EU REACH directive registration requirements.

With regards to the projected candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) - issued 10 October 2008, Phoseon Technology further declares that, to the best of our knowledge, our products do not contain any currently listed SVHC above the level 0.1% by weight.

### **Product Recycling**

This symbol is an internationally agreed indicator that the product bearing it should not be disposed of as general waste or garbage which might end up in landfill sites, but should instead be returned to Phoseon for reuse or be disposed of in accordance with local laws.



Figure 1.1: Do Not Dispose in Trash Symbol

## Setup & Installation

Refer to the following documents for detailed information regarding integration into OEM equipment.

Table 2.1: FJ240 Documentation

FireJet FJ240	75x40	150x40	225x40	300x40	375x40							
Product Specifications		31798										
Reducing Light Reflection		28658										
Control Drawings, 12W/cm <sup>2</sup>	31817	31816	32626	39383	39644							
Control Drawings, 16W/cm <sup>2</sup>	TBD	39949	39947	51076	39644							
DC Power Cable, 2m	27680		2688	33-02M								
Window Cleaning Instructions		27182										
Declaration of Conformity			29321									

Optional Power Supply	75x40	150x40	225x40	300x40	375x40
8W/cm <sup>2</sup> : 365nm 12W/cm <sup>2</sup> : 385, 395, 405nm	Mean We www.meanwe RSP-1500-	ll.com	Mean We www.meanwe RSP-3000	ell.com	Mean Well www.meanwell.com RSP-5000-48
16W/cm²: 385, 395, 405nm	Mean Well www.meanwell.com RSP-1500-48	www.n	ean Well neanwell.com P-3000-48	www.	Mean Well meanwell.com SP-5000-48

With the exception of the 3rd party power supplies, the above documents are included in this manual and also available as individual documents on the Phoseon Customer Resource Center (CRC) website at www.phoseon-support.com.

If using the optional power supply, or any 3<sup>rd</sup> party power supply, refer to the manufacturer's website for up to date dimensions and specifications. Particularly note any derating needed for operation in the target environment.

## **Electrical**

The FireJet FJ240 system requires a switching power supply with constant voltage output. The power supplies tested by Phoseon for use with the FJ240 systems are listed in the table above. The Mean Well specifications can be used as a guideline for selecting a switching power supply with the following critical specifications:

48VDC +/- 4V delivered to the light source from constant voltage output source.

700 to 2100W minimum delivered to the light source based on configuration (see 31798 Product Specifications).

Maximum ripple should be less than 1V peak-to-peak.

A power supply should be used that provides a Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) output and that is certified by a notified body and/or CE marked.

### Requirements for FJ240 Light Sources Configured End-to-End

Power requirements are based on the individual modules when configured end-to-end. For example, three FJ240 150x40 units can be used to create a 450x40 emitting window. Each module will have a dedicated DC power input based on the requirements defined above.

The control signal can be daisy-chained for up to 5 light sources.

When scaling end-to-end, ensure the mounting bracket takes the tolerance stack into account.

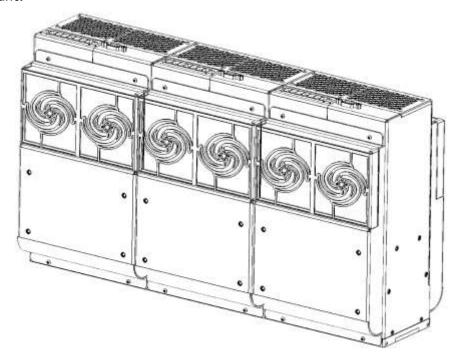


Figure 2.1: Configuring FJ240 End-to-End

## Mechanical Installation

Refer to the Control Drawing for the specific FJ240 model for detailed dimensions and mounting point information. Make special note of the following information listed on the Control Drawing:

- Quantity and size of mounting hardware
- Maximum depth of mounting hardware

Refer to the 31798 Product Specifications document for the following information:

- DC power/Data connector (manufacturer and model)
- DC power/Data connector Pinout

**CAUTION:** The light source may be damaged if these specifications are not followed.

## FireJet FJ240

## **Product Specifications**

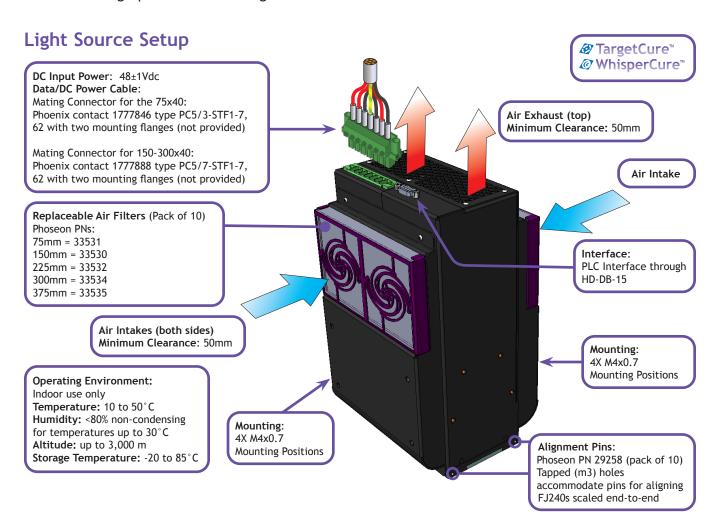
## Phoseon UV LED SLM™ Technology

Phoseon Technology is the world leader in providing UV LED solutions for commercial and industrial applications. Phoseon's products deliver superior performance and real-world reliability for UV curing of adhesives, coatings and inks.

Phoseon's patented Semiconductor Light Matrix (SLM)<sup>™</sup> technology encapsulates LEDs, arrays, optics and cooling to maximize UV LED curing performance. The FireJet light source is for use in high-performance curing.







#### **Performance**

Wavelength		385, 395, 405nm												
Peak Irradiance			12W/cm	2			16W/cm <sup>2</sup>	2						
Emitting Window (mm)	75x40	150x40	225x40	300x40	375x40	75x40	150x40	225x40	300x40	375x40				
UV Power (Watts)	300	600	900	1200	1500	400	800	1200	1600	2000				
48V Power In (Max)	768W 16A	1536W 32A	2304W 48A	3072W 64A	3840W 80A	1008W 21A	2016W 42A	3024W 63A	4032W 84A	5040W 105A				

Wavelength	365nm							
Peak Irradiance	8W/cm²							
Emitting Window (mm)	75x40 150x40 225x40 300x40 375x40							
UV Power (Watts)	200	400	600	800	1000			
48V Power In (Max)	720W 15A	1440W 30A	2160W 45A	2880W 60A	3600W 75A			

#### **PLC Interface**

The female HD-DB-15 connector is used to control the light source via PLC.

Data Connector



- 1\* Do Not Use
- 2 Intensity Control: (Voltage Input) 1V = 10% of full power 10V = 100% of full power Internal resistive load on this Pin is  $100k\Omega$
- 3 Enable High: (24V PLC Input) 0 to 6V (ground/open input) = OFF or 16 to 24V = ON Internal resistive load on this Pin is 125kΩ
- 4\* Do Not Use
- 5 Lamp Ready: (24V PLC Output)
  0 to 6V (ground) = Not Ready or
  16 to 24V (open) = Ready
  Internal resistive load on this
  Pin is 1.3kΩ
  Sink Current Maximum = 6mA
  Should be connected to high
  impedance input

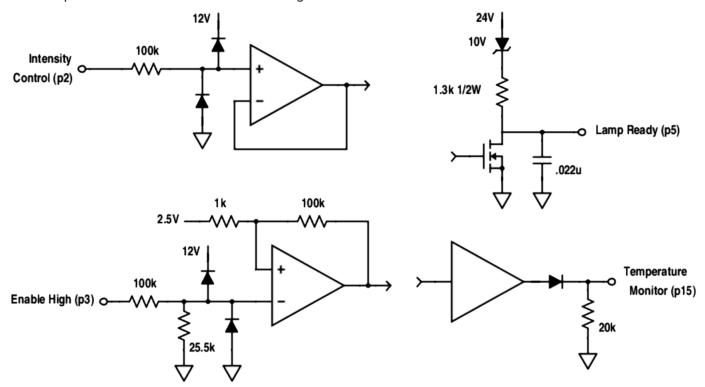
- 6\* Do Not Use
- 7+ Interlock: (24V PLC Input)
  0 to 6V = UV Emission Allowed or
  16 to 24V = UV Emission Stopped
  Internal resistive load on this
  Pin is 10kΩ
- 8 Ground
- 9 Ground
- 10 Ground

- Fault: (24V PLC Output)
   0 to 6 (ground) = Fault or 16 to 24V (open) = No Fault
   Internal resistive load on this Pin is 1.3kΩ
   Sink Current Maximum = 6mA
   Should be connected to high impedance input
- 12 RS485 Communication: Serial -
- 13 RS485 Communication: Serial +
- 14 Ground
- 15 Temperature Monitor: (Voltage Output) Voltage proportional to SLM heat sink temperature 0.1V = 1°C This value should not exceed approximately 8V

Pins may be tied together to control multiple light sources from a single DB-15 interface with the following exceptions:

- Leave these Pins open (unconnected).
- + The interlock Pins must not be tied together across multiple light sources. Each interlock must be connected to independent circuits.

The equivalent circuits inside the FJ240 UV light source are shown below:

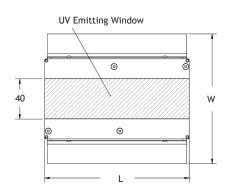


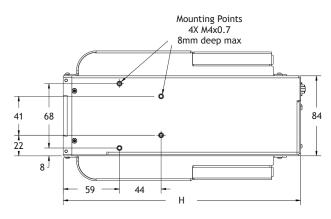
#### **Dimensions**

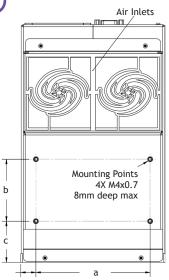
Units of measurement: mm

FJ240					
UV Emitting Window	75x40	150x40	225x40	300x40	375x40
a	56	120	120	240	379
b	65	65	65	65	65
с	43	43	43	43	43
Weight (kg)	1.3	2.2	3.2	4.2	5.2
Overall Dimensions LxWxH	77x136x249	152x136x249	228x136x249	303x136x249	379x136x249

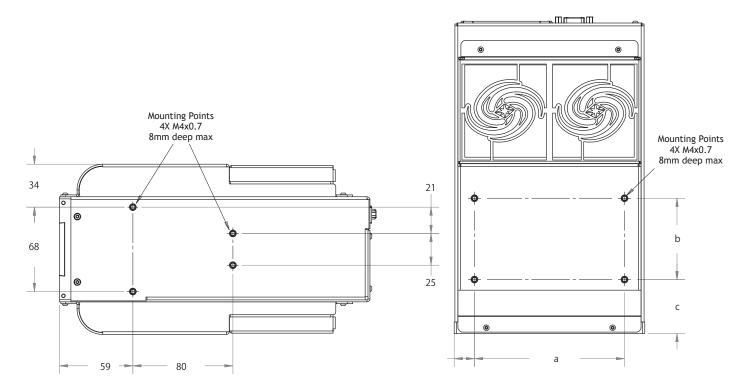








### Mounting Points, 16W



## **Reducing Light Reflection**



### Technical Note

#### **Overview**

One of the many benefits of UV LED technology is divergent light, meaning there is no focal point of the light output. This creates a longer exposure time for media traveling under the light source, and therefore typically higher dose for curing the adhesive, coating, ink or other UV curable material.

When the light source is mounted adjacent to a print head, there may be a concern when using very sensitive inks that light could reflect off the media into the print head and begin curing prematurely. This document describes techniques to reduce reflected light.

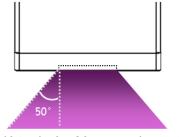
#### Note:

- The types of print media (surface roughness, reflectivity, color, etc.) will change the behavior and amount of any UV light reflection
- Increasing or decreasing the distance of the light source to the media changes the peak intensity of the UV and may affect cure speed
- Uses of recommendations in this document are done solely at the user's risk; Phoseon claims no responsibility for damage of any inkjet components

### **Light Output Angle**

The typical half angle of light output from Phoseon UV LED light sources with a 20mm wide emitting window is approximately  $50^{\circ}$  from the edge of the glass.

For products with a 10mm wide emitting window, the half angle varies depending on the type of optic; please refer to the Optics Option Technical Note for more information regarding the shape of the light output.



Half Angle for 20mm products ~50°

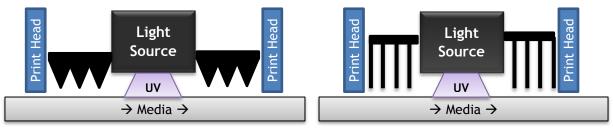
### **Reducing Light Reflection**

To reduce the light reflection, the following techniques can be used:

- Use materials around the light source that absorb or do not reflect UV (examples below) and avoid materials that are good UV reflectors such as bare Aluminum
  - Black anodized or black painted materials
  - Optical absorption and anti-reflective coatings
  - Thorlabs blackout materials, e.g. black metal foil (http://www.thorlabs.com)
  - Steel
- Increase surface roughness of materials between the light source and print head
  - Avoid smooth surfaces, which are good reflectors
  - Bead blasting or other roughening techniques reduce reflection of flat surfaces
- Use light traps or a baffles between the light source and print heads
  - o Saw-tooth forms and straight-fins are good for capturing any reflected light
  - Increase number of grooves and increase depth of baffles
- Keep the light source close to the surface to reduce light spread

### Light Baffle Examples (not to scale)

Adding a light baffle creates a surface to catch the reflected light beams and prevents them from reflecting (bouncing) off of other materials in the system and reduces the light spread.

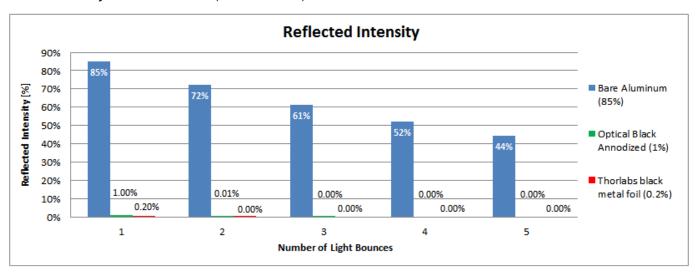


Saw-tooth form light baffle

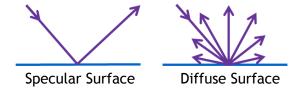
Straight-fin light baffle

#### **Materials**

As stated above, avoid reflective materials such as bare Aluminum, as it has a UV reflectivity rating of 85%, whereas a surface that has been anodized optical black has a UV reflectivity rating of 1% and the Thorlabs black metal foil has a rating of 0.2% (see chart below). The intensity of the light will decrease every time it reflects (or 'bounces') off of a surface.



The surface finish of the material also affects how the light spreads. A specular surface is a smooth, mirror-like finish that allows a light beam to remain intact as it reflects off of the surface. A diffuse surface is a rough, textured finish that scatters the beam, causing the beam to reflect in many different directions. An example of a specular surface could be a mirror or polished metal. An example of a diffuse surface could be paper or textured paint.

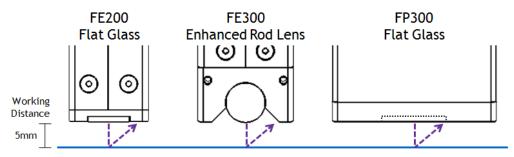


#### **Light Reflection Examples**

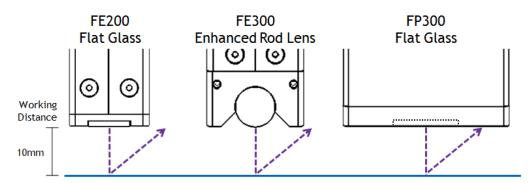
When curing with a reflective surface, like bare or polished aluminum, the size of the window frame and the working distance from the emitting window to the media, will affect how much light is allowed to reflect past the light source. Adding a light catch or shield that extends past the light source will catch some of this reflected light.

The amount of reflected light from a light source will vary based on the setup including:

- The peak intensity of the light source: directly correlates to the intensity of the reflected light, especially on a specular surface
- The type of window frame and optic: a focused light like the FE300 concentrates the light into a smaller area on the surface, where the FE200 Flat Glass and FP300 allows the light to spread due to the half-angle of the light output
- The working distance height between the light source and media: a larger working distance allows more room for the light to reflect past the emitting window frame
- The type of media surface: a highly reflective specular surface will reflect light more intensely than a non-reflective diffuse surface



Phoseon Product Examples at 5mm Working Distance

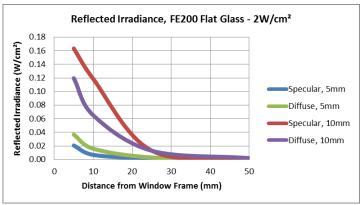


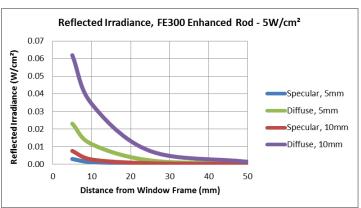
Phoseon Product Examples at 10mm Working Distance

The charts below illustrate the irradiance values of reflected light with 3 different light sources; the FE200-2W/cm<sup>2</sup> with Flat Glass, the FE300-5W/cm<sup>2</sup> with Enhanced Rod Lens, and an FP300-20W/cm<sup>2</sup>.

- The media is shown as a worst-case scenario with 100% reflectivity, meaning the media is not absorbing any of the UV energy, even if it is a specular or diffuse surface
  - o For comparison, bare aluminum is 85% reflective as shown in the previous chart
  - In actual use, most surfaces will absorb some of the UV energy, which is either used to kick off a UV reaction (inks, coatings, or adhesives), or turns into heat
- The media is shown in two forms: a specular (smooth) surface and a diffuse (rough) surface

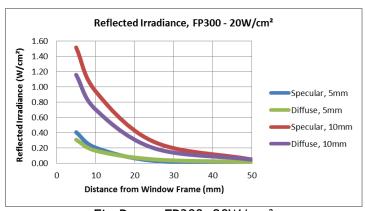
- Each media type is shown at two different working distances: 5mm and 10mm from the emitting window to the media
- The point of measurement for the reflected light is on the same plane as the emitting window at varying distances away from the edge of the light source (window frame, not the glass)





FireEdge FE200 Flat Glass, 2W/cm<sup>2</sup>

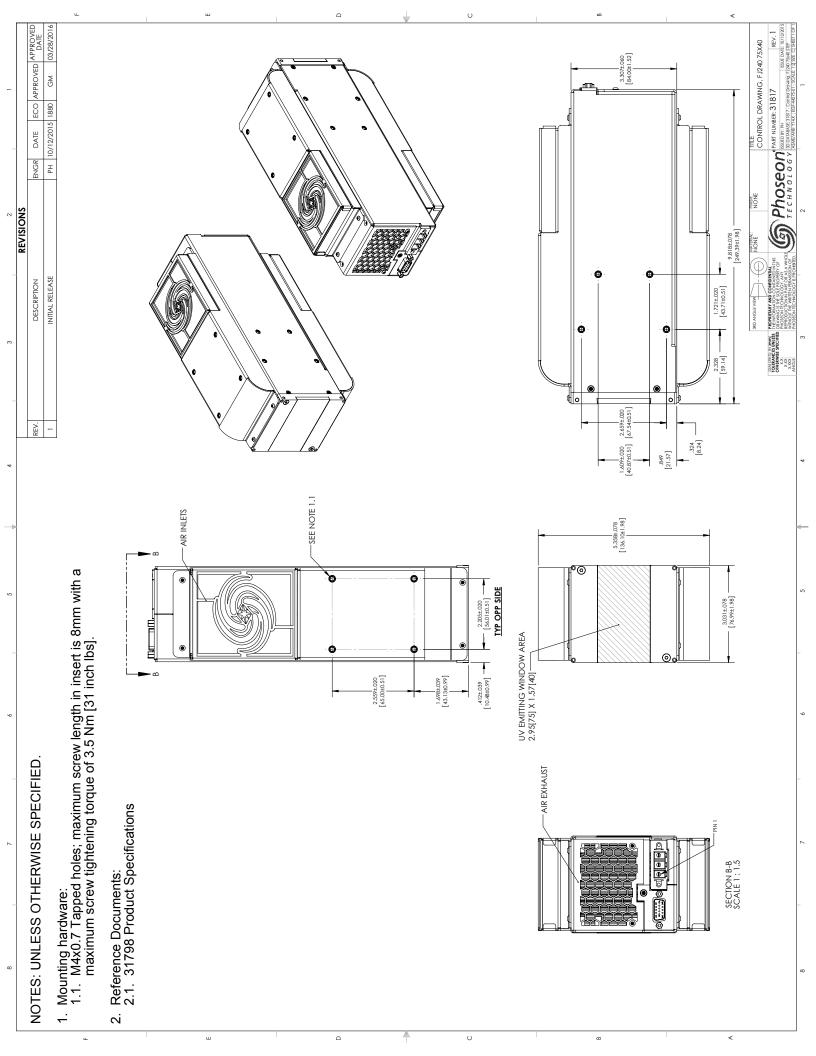
FireEdge FE300 Enhanced Rod, 5W/cm<sup>2</sup>

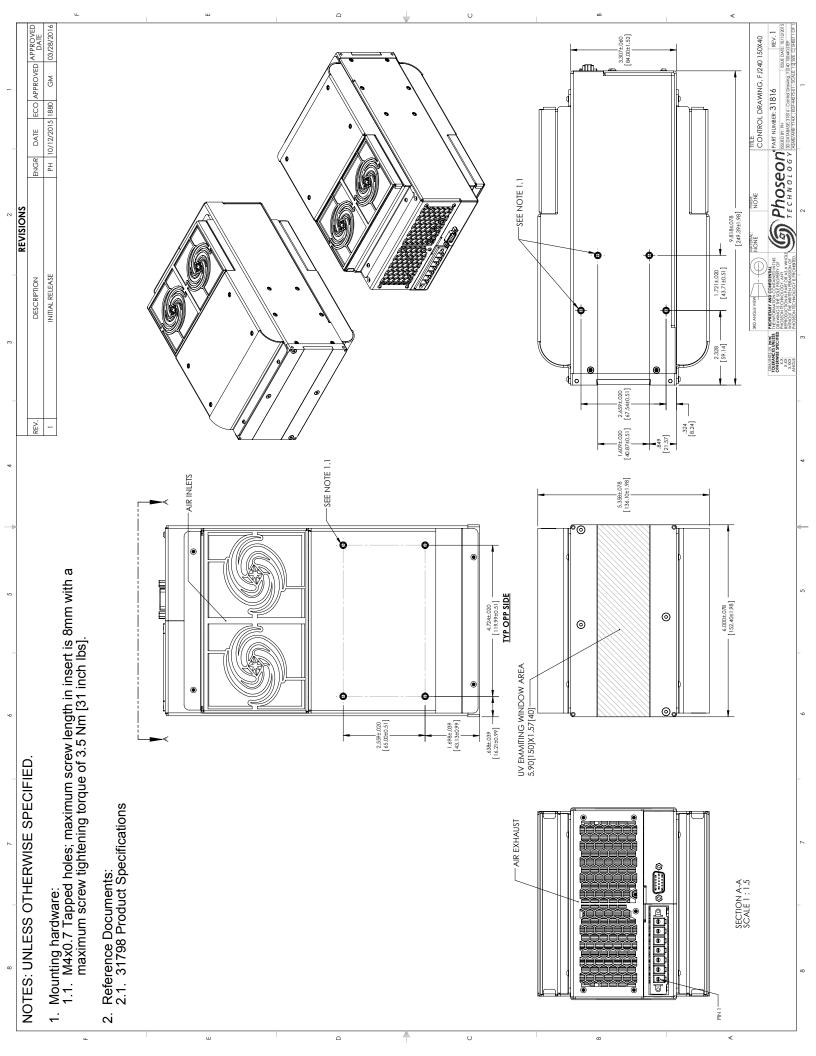


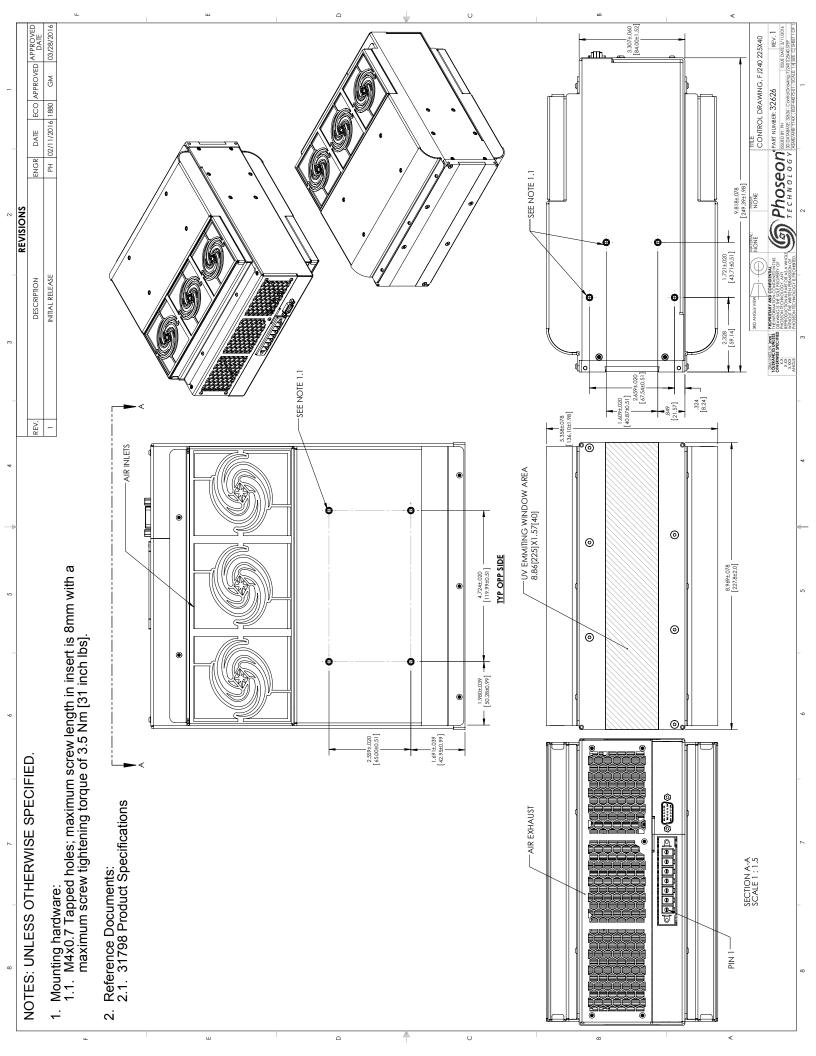
FirePower FP300, 20W/cm<sup>2</sup>

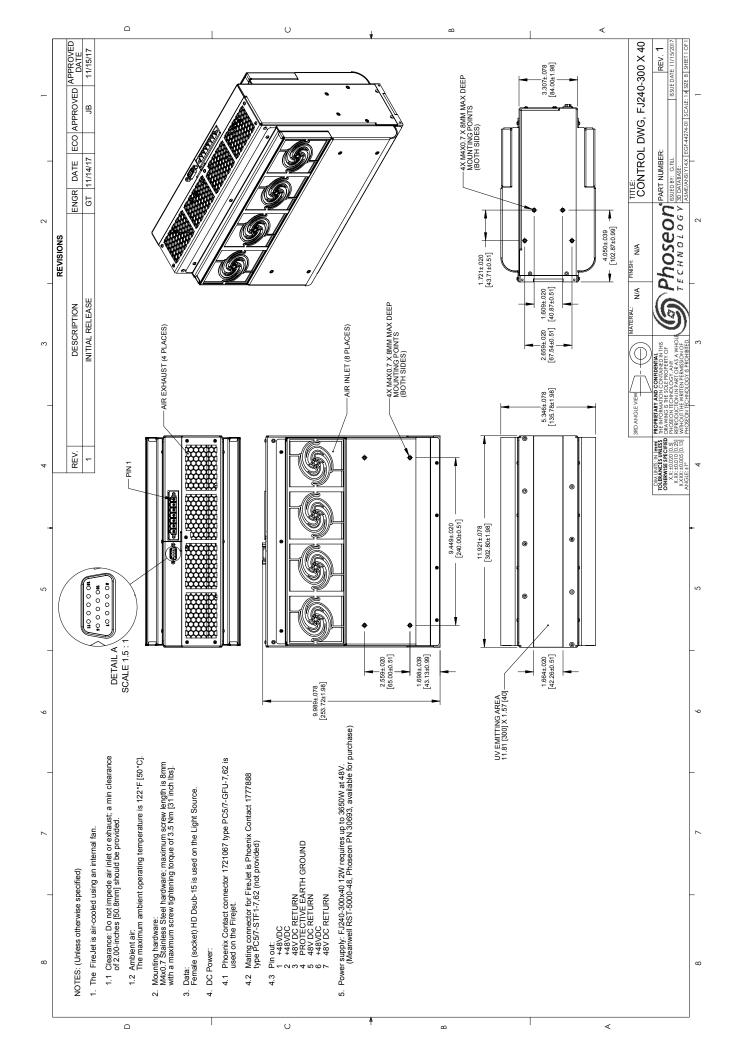
#### Observations from the charts above:

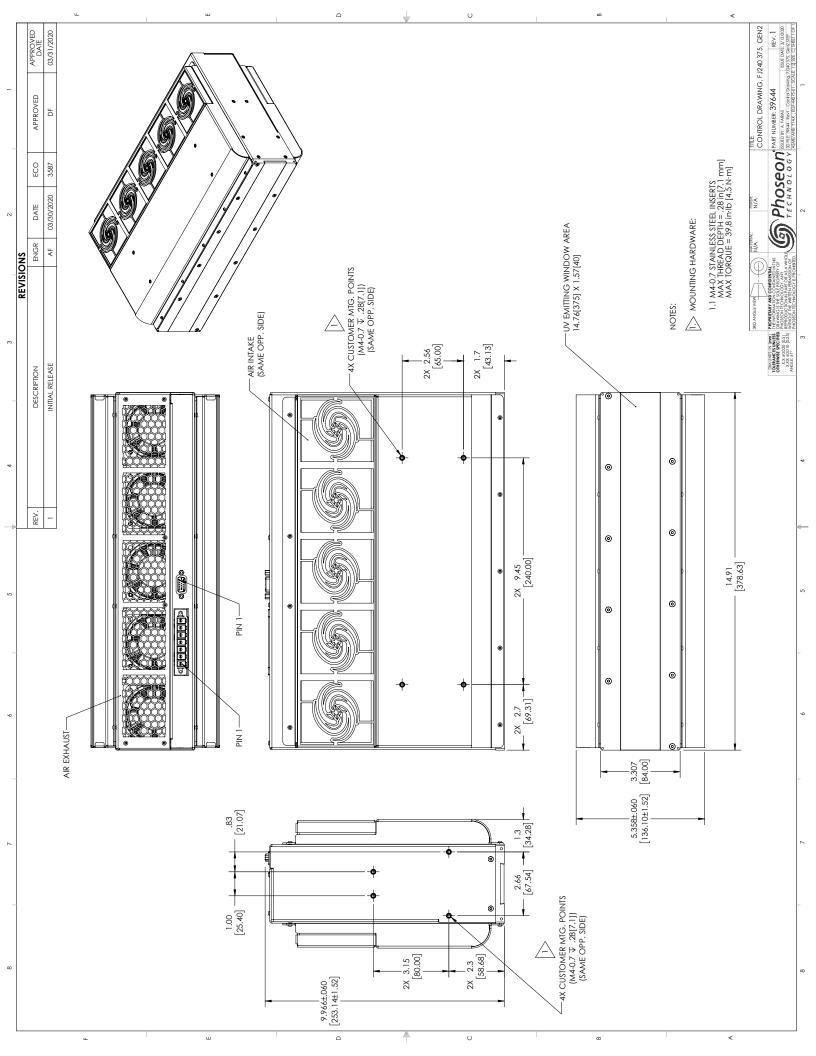
- The intensity of the light reflections from the FE200 are 10x less than the FP300, due to the difference in peak intensities (2W/cm² versus 20W/cm²)
- The FE300 has less intense light reflections and less specular reflection than the FE200 due to the Enhanced Rod Lens creating a narrower light output
- Other Phoseon products with 20mm emitting windows will have similar reflected irradiance patterns to the FP300, but the distance from the emitting window is different due to the width of the window frames

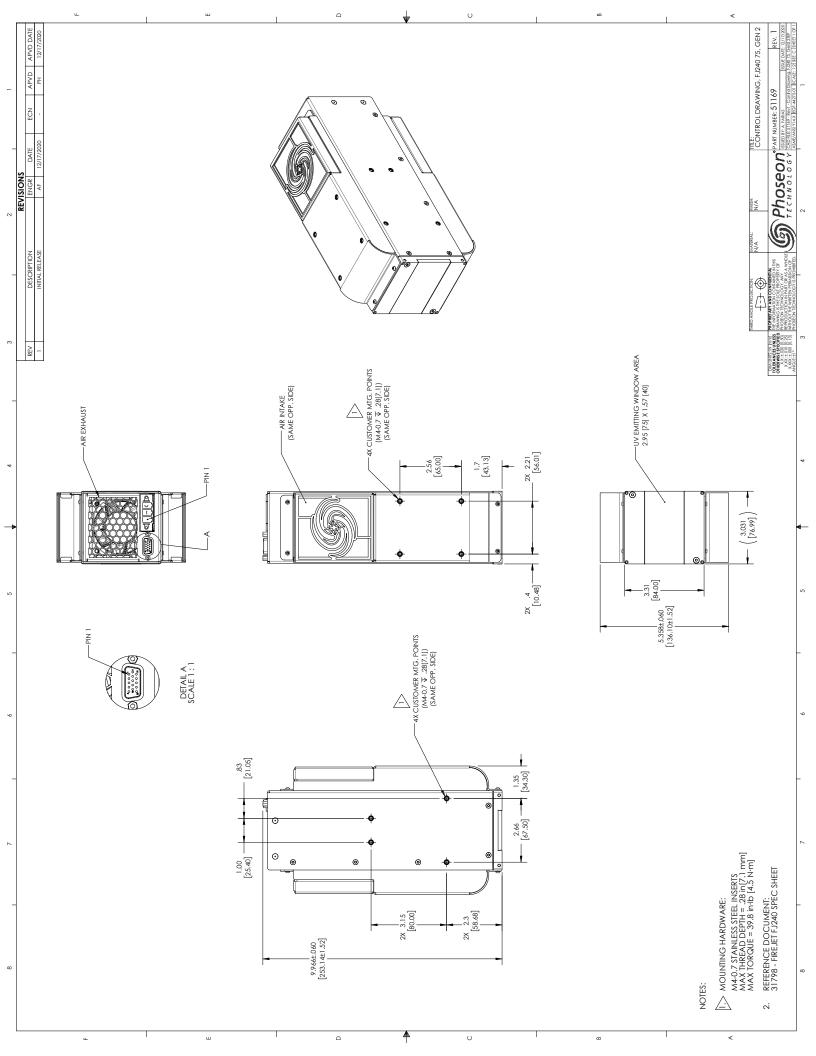


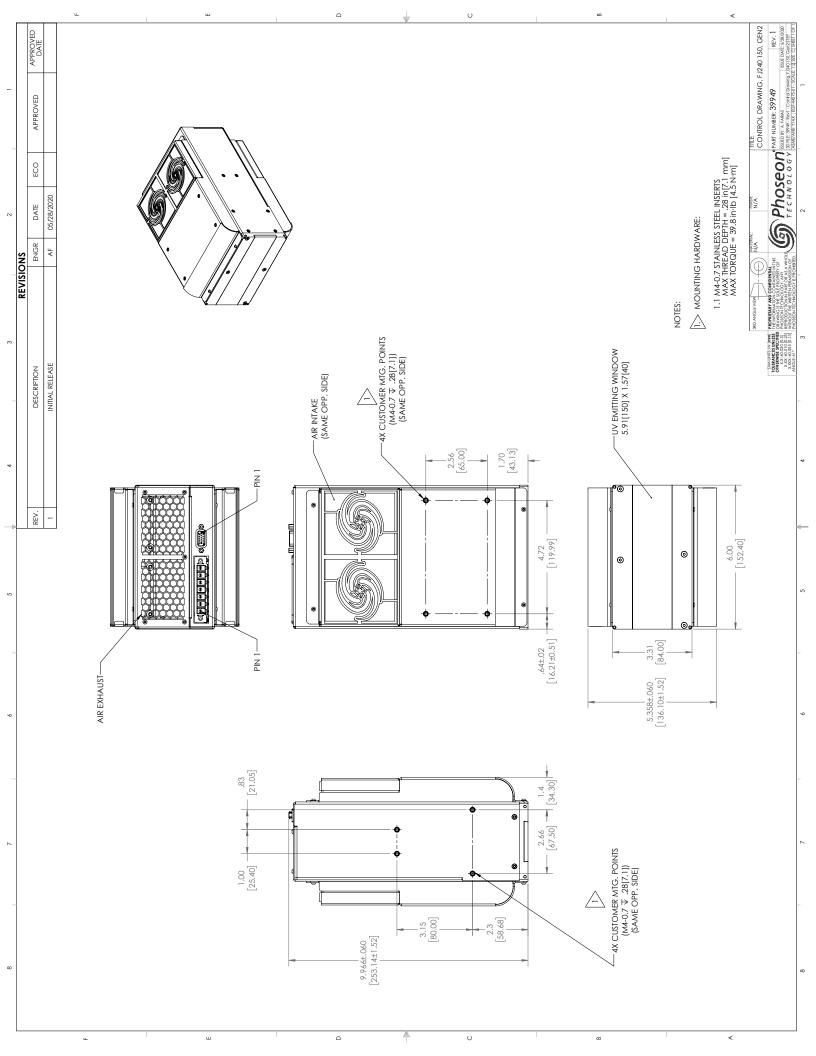


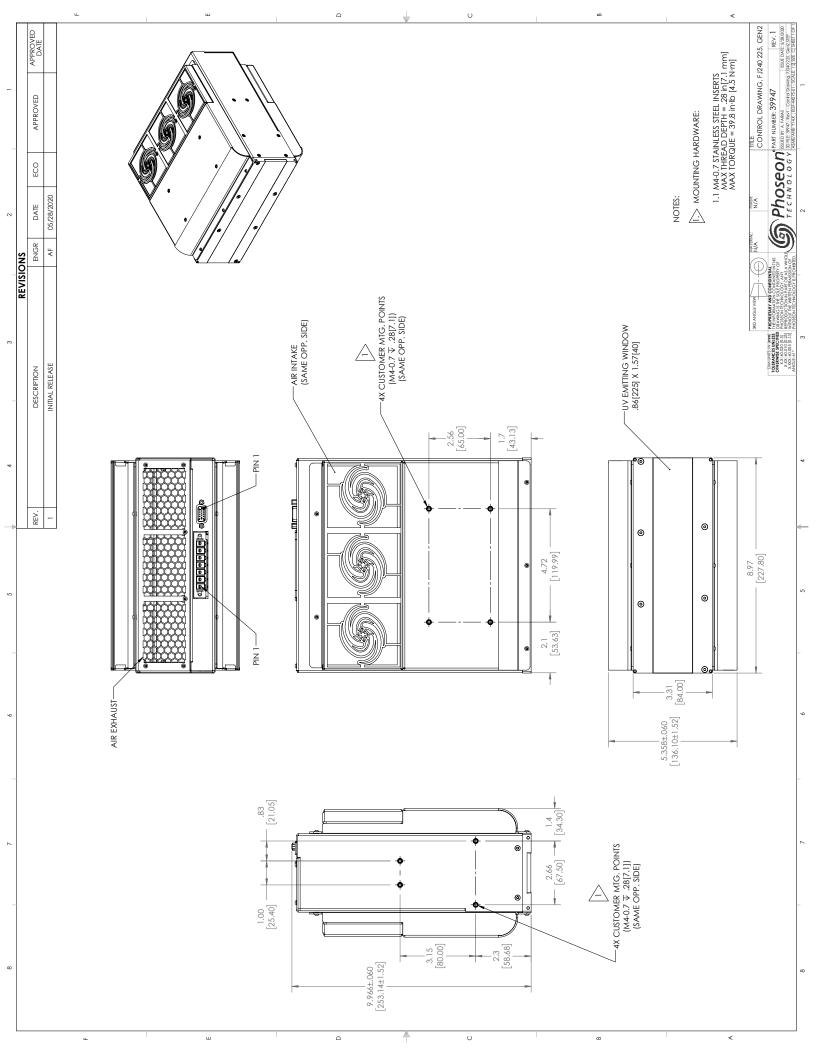


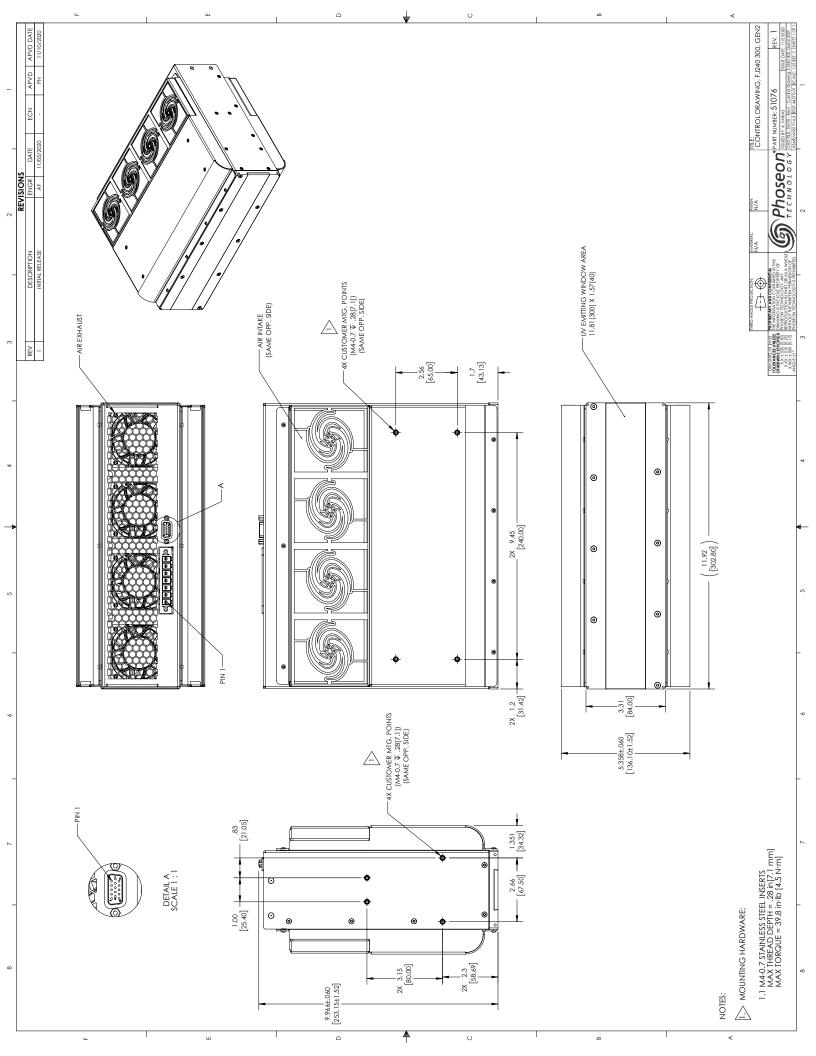


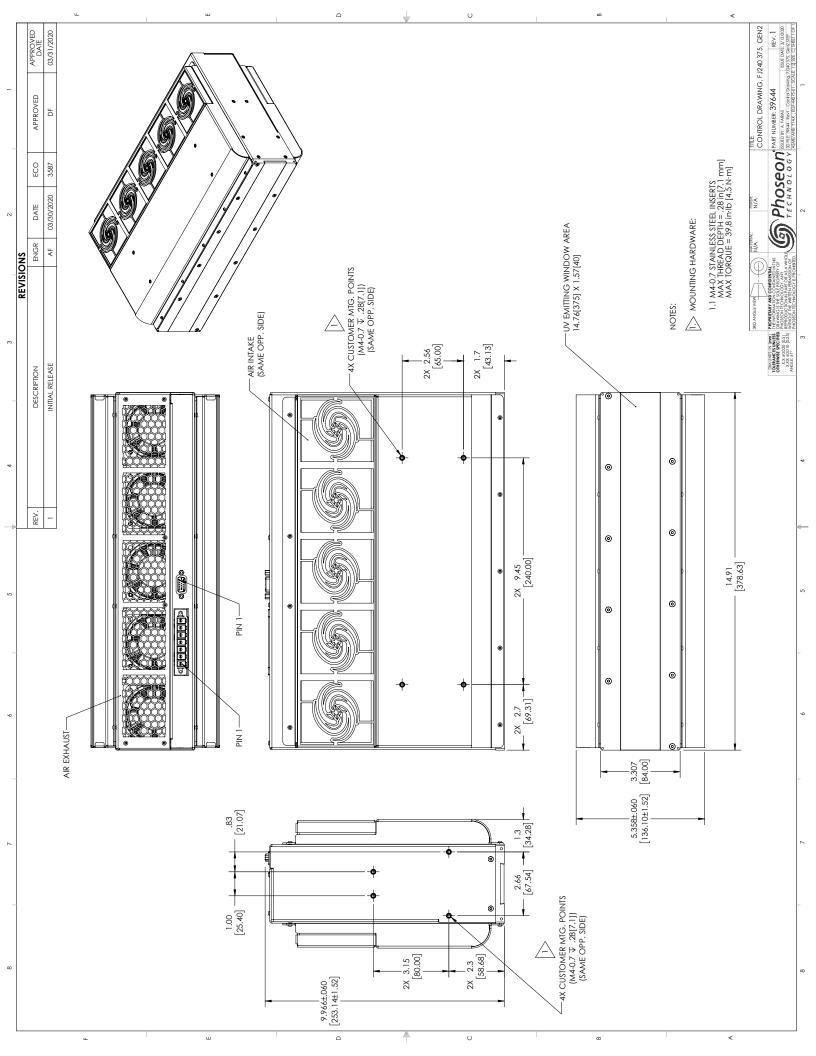


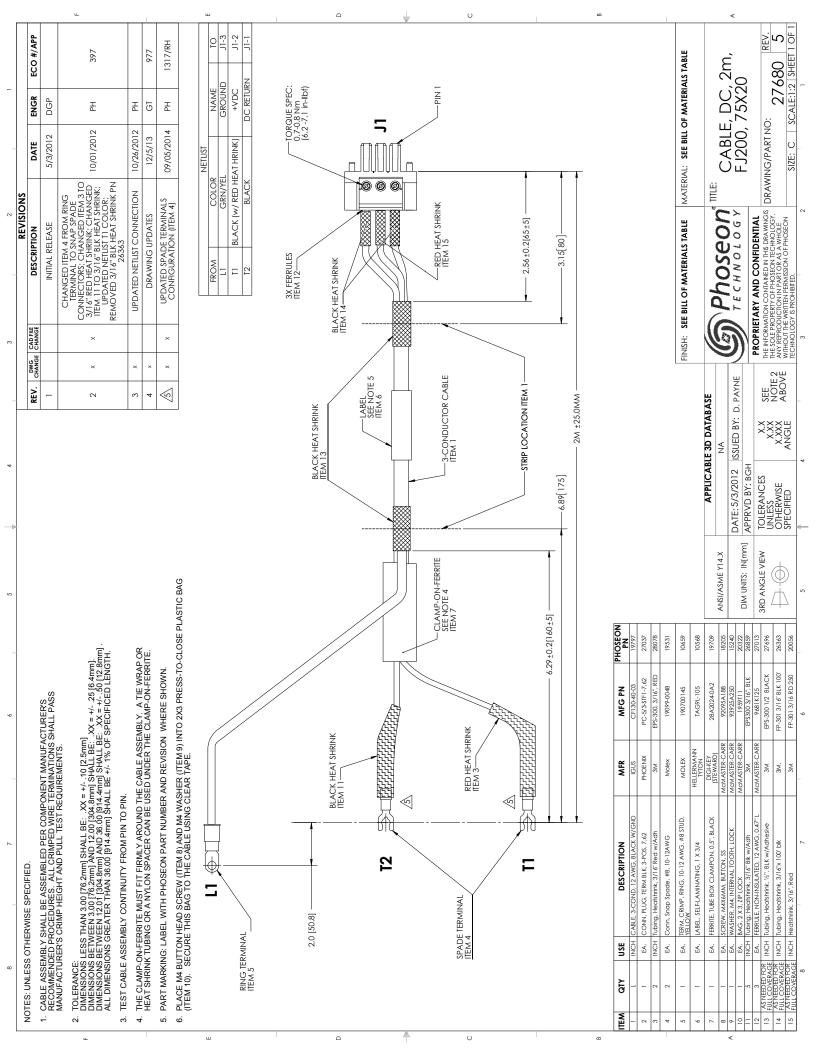


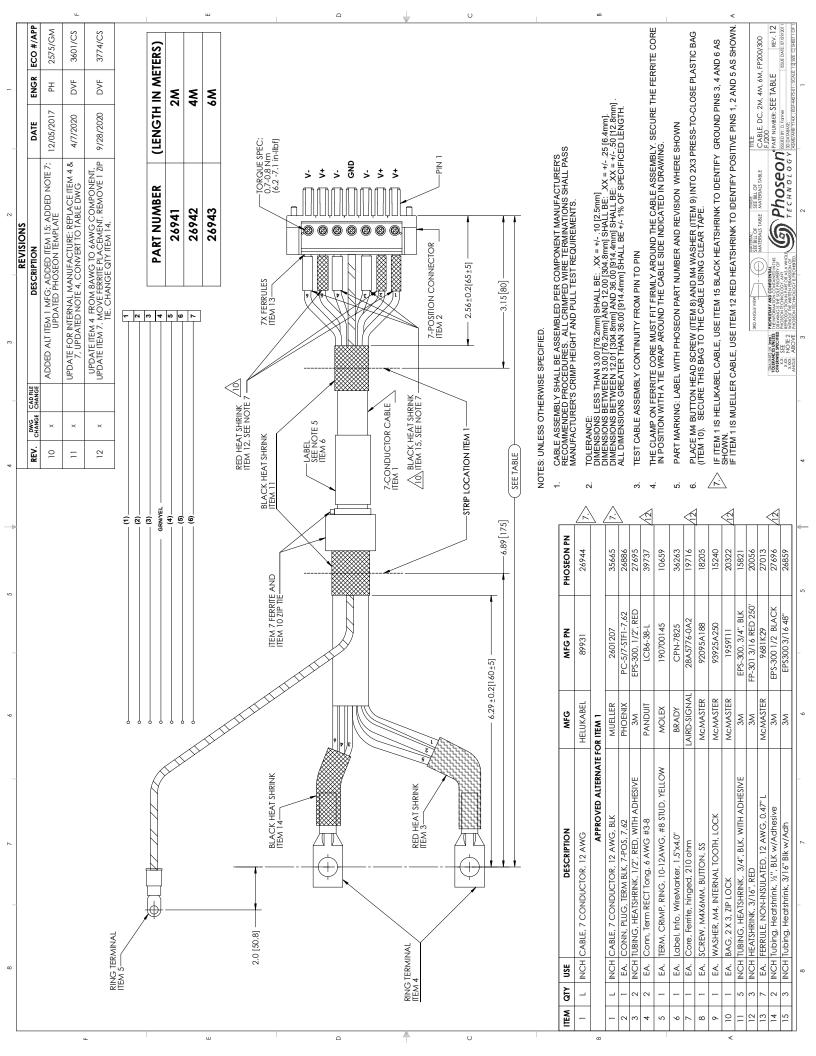












## Air Flow

The FJ240 has internal cooling fans to properly cool the components. Do not restrict the airflow. It may be necessary to exhaust air to maintain proper airflow if the system is integrated.

Notes:

Regular maintenance to clean or replace air filters is *required* to maintain proper airflow.

Minimum clearance of 50mm should be maintained for air inlets and exhaust ports.

When replacing the Air Filter Assemblies (one on each side of the light source), the plastic frame attached to the air filter must be pointing away from the body of the light source and towards the outside of the Air Retainer.

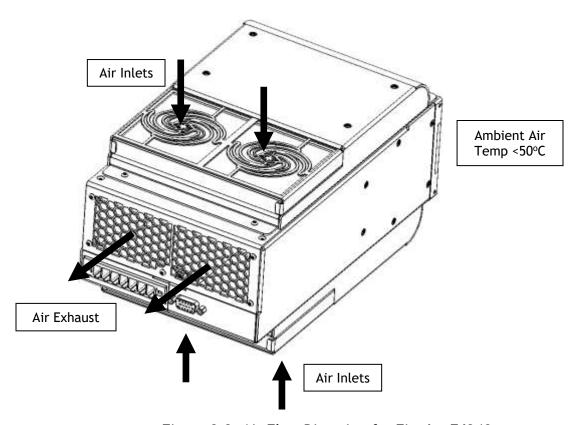


Figure 2.2: Air Flow Direction for FireJet FJ240

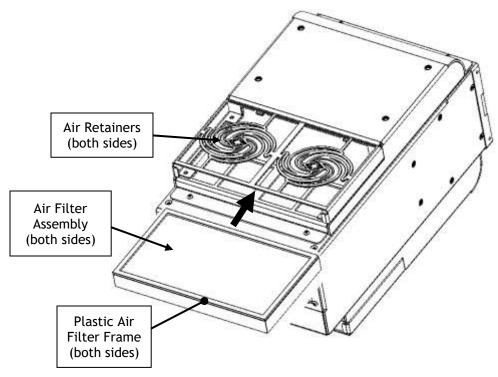


Figure 2.3: FireJet FJ240 Air Filter Assembly

The air filter assemblies are located on both sides of the FJ240. The air filter assembly consists of two components: Filter and Retainer, as shown in Figure 2.3. Replaceable air filters can be purchased from Phoseon: PN 33531 (75x40mm: Pack of 10); PN 33530 (150x40mm: Pack of 10); or PN 33532 (225x40mm: Pack of 10).

### PLC & RS485 Control

The light source can be controlled via a PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) using the HD-DB-15 connection. (See 31798 Product Specifications)

The light source can also be controlled via the RS485 interface on the HD-DB-15 connector. (See 28027 FireJet FJ200 Series RS485 Control Manual)

## Connecting an Interlock

The FJ240 has the capability to support a customer supplied interlock circuit. This is useful for situations where the function of the light source is tied to an enclosure or distance above a conveyor, where the UV emission should be stopped when a door is opened or if the light source is raised a specified distance above a conveyor. An external interlock circuit is not required for light source operation. If no interlock is present, simply connect Pin 7 to Ground to disable this feature.

If the light source is connected to an external customer defined interlock circuit, then this circuit should be tied to Pin 7. When +16V to +24V is applied to Pin 7 (or the Pin is open), the UV emission is stopped. When 0V to +6V is applied to Pin 7, UV emission is allowed per the enable and intensity settings of the other Pins.

Note:

If applied voltages are outside the regions defined, for example applied voltage is between 6V and 16V, the behavior of the FJ240 is not defined.

## **Connecting Multiple Light Sources**

If multiple light sources are used and controlled together, the following Pins can be "AND" tied together so that one DB-15 interface can be used to control all the light sources in unison:

- Pin 2 (Intensity Control)
- Pin 3 (Enable)
- Pin 5 (Lamp Ready)
- Pins 8,9,10 & 14 (Grounds)
- Pin 11 (Fault)
- Pin 15 (Temperature Monitor)

**CAUTION:** DO NOT tie together the following Output signal Pins:

o Pins 1, 4, 6, 7

## **Operation**

## On/Off Control

The UV output of the light source is enabled and disabled through a simple PLC level voltage on the rear connector and is turned on and off electronically. The light source does not require external shutters and is enabled only when needed.

**CAUTION:** 

Any material exposed to UV, when not in motion, can reach very high temperatures. Turn off the light source when not actively UV curing.

## **Intensity Control**

The intensity of the UV output is controlled through an analog voltage on the rear connector. The valid range of this voltage is 1 to 10Vdc. 10Vdc corresponds to 100% output irradiance and UV power and 1Vdc corresponds to 10% output irradiance and UV power.

The output of the FJ240 varies linearly from 10% to 100% for intensity control voltages between 1Vdc and 10Vdc. Below 1Vdc the output irradiance is held at a constant minimum value below 10%. If zero UV output is desired, the Enable line should be pulled low. Performance of the FJ240 below 1Vdc and above 10Vdc is not specified.

## Lamp Ready & Fault Feedback Output

The status of the FJ240 is given by the state of the Lamp Ready and Fault Feedback lines on the rear connector. Both the Lamp Ready and Fault Feedback are high when the FJ240 is in the Ready state, meaning the UV output may be enabled through the Enable line. If Lamp Ready is low, the FJ240 is in the Not Ready state, indicating the UV output will not enable.

The Not Ready state is caused by one or more of the following conditions:

- The FJ240 DC power supply is turned off
- The FJ240 DC power supply is providing a voltage too low for proper operation
- The FJ240 is in thermal shutoff due to excessive internal temperatures the Fault Feedback line will be low
- An error has been detected in the current drive to the LED array the Fault Feedback line will be low

Refer to the Troubleshooting Guide later in this manual for help identifying the cause of the Not Ready state.

## Irradiance as a Function of Distance

The UV emission from the FJ240 UV light source diverges with distance away from the window glass. However it is important to note that as the distance between the media and the emitting window increases, the total energy (dose) delivered by the light source remains constant. Peak irradiance decreases as the working distance increases, but it is offset by an increase in the exposure area (light footprint), keeping the dose constant.

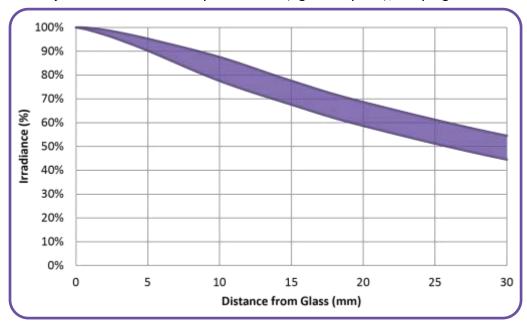


Figure 3.1: Irradiance as a Function of Distance

## **Monitoring Temperature**

The performance of the FJ240, which is an air-cooled system, will be directly impacted by the temperature of the ambient air, in the environment where the light source is being operated. Irradiance will increase slightly at cooler operating temperatures, for example at initial system start up, and decreases slightly with warmer operating temperatures.

Therefore, a temperature monitoring device has been integrated into the system to help monitor light source temperature during operation. The device inside the unit outputs a voltage signal of 0 to 10.5VDC to Pin 15 which corresponds to 100mV per degree Celsius. For example, a reading of 2.55V equates to 25.5°C.

Phoseon recommends that the customer monitor the temperature through the HD-DB-15 connector (Pin 15). If the reported temperature changes by more than 10 to 15 degrees from steady state operating conditions, this could indicate a problem and the environmental conditions should be inspected. See Troubleshooting Guide for more information.

In addition to monitoring the system temperature, a separate temperature switch has been integrated into the light source to shut down the emission of UV light when the light source has exceeded a safe operating temperature. The light source will shut off to prevent a thermal run away condition and a Thermal Fault signal will be output.

Note:

When a temperature fault occurs, the light source will shut off automatically. The light source will turn back on automatically when the operating temperature has returned to an acceptable value. A maximum of five thermal cycles are allowed. After this the lamp must be reset by disconnecting the DC power. After any thermal shutdown has occurred, determine and correct the cause before returning to normal operation of the system.

## Service

For further details contact Phoseon Technology by phone at +1.503.439.6446 or email at customerservice@phoseon.com.

## **Troubleshooting Guide**

Table 4.1: Troubleshooting Guide

Note: The Lamp Ready LED is either green or yellow and is located on the

PCBA, visible through air exhaust.

		•				ugii ali callaust		
Symptom	Lamp Ready LED (Green or Yellow)	p5 Lamp Ready	p7 Interlock	p11 Fault Status	p15 Temperature Output	Root Cause	Recommended Action	RS485 Logging
Lamp Ready, No Active Faults, Not Enabled	On	Hi	Lo	Hi	X	No Fault	Apply +24V on Pin 3 to enable. If control signals are in question, isolate the lamp from the control system, and connect Pin 3 directly to Pin 6. If lamp operates, then it is was not receiving the correct enable signal from the controller.	No FW log entry
Lamp Not Ready, No Active Faults UV OFF if Enabled	Off	Lo	Hi	Hi	X	Interlock is Open	Connect Pin 7 to ground	No FW log entry
Lamp Not Ready, No Active Faults UV ON if Enabled	Off	Lo	Lo	Hi	X	Over Voltage, Input Voltage > 53V	Adjust DC power input to lamp (48±1VDC) Note: fault is not logged for first 10 seconds when DC power is applied, fault response is within 1 second of detection after the initial 10 seconds.	Event Code 5:Flt- inputV_hi
						Under Voltage, Input Voltage < 43V	Adjust DC power input to lamp (48±1VDC)  Note: fault is not logged for first 10 seconds when DC power is applied, fault response is	Even Code 6:Flt- inputV_lo

Symptom	Lamp Ready LED (Green or Yellow)	p5 Lamp Ready	p7 Interlock	p11 Fault Status	p15 Temperature Output	Root Cause	Recommended Action	RS485 Logging
							within 1 second of detection after the initial 10 seconds.	
Lamp Not Ready, Active Fault UV OFF	Off	Lo	Lo	Lo	>11	LM35 Temperature Sensor, FW controlled: Over temperature > 110°C	DO NOT SHUT-OFF DC Power Ensure air inlet and exhaust have at least 50mm clearance. Ensure ambient air temperature is ≤50°C,	Event Code 3:Flt- FW_overtem p
if Enabled						Airpax Temperature sensor, HW switch: Over temperature > 110°C	and filters are not clogged. Fault status will clear and UV will turn on (if enabled) when the light source has cooled down to ≤ 4.0V on Pin 15.	Event Code 2:Flt- temp_intrlck
Lamp Not Ready Active Fault UV Off or Only Partially On if Enabled						Blown Fuse	Shut off DC power	Event Code 1:Flt- blown_fuse
Lamp Not Ready Active Fault UV On When Not enabled DC Current Drawn When Not Enabled	Off	Lo	Lo	Lo	<11	False Current Detected	Contact Phoseon	Event Code 4:Flt-False_I

**Note:** Green LED is located on the PCBA, visible through air exhaust.

# **Window Cleaning Instructions**



### User Guide

Phoseon requires inspecting and cleaning the emitting window of the light source for any debris or UV material on a regular basis, up to daily if needed, to maintain the quality of UV light output.

Note: Do not submerge the light source or spray any liquid directly onto the light source.

The materials needed to properly clean the Phoseon light source, can be purchased from most home improvement supply stores, paint stores, or auto-body repair shops.

#### Materials Needed:

- Dry Paper Towels
- · Razor Blade and Handle
- IPA Pre-moistened Wipe
- Gloves: Vinyl and Sharp Resistant (i.e. Kevlar)
- Sharps Disposal Container

#### **Instructions:**

1. Disconnect DC Power from the light source.

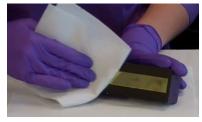
CAUTION: Wearing vinyl gloves is recommended to avoid getting any uncured UV material on the skin.

- 2. Wipe down the glass with a dry paper towel to remove any uncured UV material.
- 3. Carefully scrape large debris off the window using the sharp edge of the razor.

CAUTION: Wear sharp-resistant gloves.

**Note:** If the razor needs to be replaced, dispose of the razor blade in a properly marked sharps container.

- 4. Use the pre-moistened IPA wipe to remove any remaining dust or debris left on the window during the cleaning process.
- 5. Repeat steps 2 through 5 until the window is clear of all contaminants.
- 6. If needed, use a dry paper towel to wipe down the light source.



Wipe Glass



Scrape with Razor



Wipe with IPA

# Declaration of Conformity (CE)

## **Product Identification**

Brand	Phoseon												
Product Family	Product Models												
FireEdge™	75x5 FE100 80x10 FE200 75x10 FE300 75x10 FE400 80x10 FE410 80x10	FE100 120x10 FE200 110x10 FE300 110x10 FE400 120x10 FE410 120x10	FE100 180x10 FE400 160x10 FE410 160x10	FE100 240x10 FE400 180x10 FE410 180x10	FE400 240x10 FE410 240x10								
FireFlex™	75x50	150x50	225x50										
FireFly	25x10 50x20 FF200 25x20	25x20 75x20 FF200 50x20	25x25 150x20										
FireJet™	225x20 ONE 75x20 FJ100 75x20 FJ100 G2 75x20 FJ240 75x40 FJ601 225x20 FJ605 300x20 FJ800 100x100 FJ801 100x100	ONE 150x20 FJ100 150x20 FJ100 G2 150x20 FJ200 150x20 FJ240 150x40 FJ601 300x20 FJ605 375x20	FJ50 225x20 ONE 225x20 FJ100 225x20 FJ100 G2 225x20 FJ200 225x20 FJ200SLD 225x20 FJ228 225x20 FJ240 225x40 FJ601 375x20 FJ605 450x20	ONE 300x20 FJ100 300x20 FJ100 G2 300x20 FJ200 300x20 FJ240 300x40 FJ601 450x20 FJ605 525x20	ONE 375x20 FJ100 375x20 FJ100 G2 375x20 FJ200 375x20 FJ240 375x40 FJ601 525x20 FJ605 600x20	FJ605 675x20							
FireLine™	125x20 350x20 FL200 75x10 FL400 125x20 FL400SLD 125x20 FL440 125x40	150x20 450x20 FL200 125x10 FL400 150x20 FL400SLD 150x20 FL440 150x40	225x20 550x20 FL400 225x20 FL400SLD 225x20 FL440 225x40	300x20 675x20 FL400 250x20 FL400SLD 250x20 FL440 250x40	FL400 300x20 FL400SLD 300x20 FL440 300x40								
FirePower™	FP200 150x20 FP300 150x20 FP501 300x20 FP601 300x20	FP200 225x20 FP300 225x20 FP501 350x20 FP601 350x20	FP200 300x20 FP300 300x20 FP501 450x20 FP601 375x20	FP200 350x20 FP300 350x20 FP501 525x20 FP601 450x20	FP200 450x20 FP300 450x20 FP501 600x20 FP601 525x20	FP300 900x20 FP501 700x20 FP601 600x20	FP601 675x20						
KeyPro™ Explorer	25x10												
StarFire™	100x20	150x20											
StarFire MAX™	75x20	150x20	225x20	300x20									

#### Manufacturer

**Excelitas Technologies** Name:

Address: 7425 NE Evergreen Parkway, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124-5845

United States of America Country:

### **Means of Conformity**

Excelitas Technologies declares that the product listed as a result of its design and construction is in conformity with the essential requirements and provisions of the following Council Directives and standards:

## **Applicable Directives:**

- 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Directive)
- 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility)
- 2011/65/EU (RoHS2)

### Standards Used to Verify Compliance:

- EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019/AC:2019-04/A1:2019
- EN 62471 (2008) IEC 62471 (2006)
- EN 61326-1 (2013)

### Signature

Signature (electronic): Rob Gomeau

Name: Rob Gomeau, Director of Operations

Place: Hillsboro, OR