

# FireLine™ FL400 Solid State UV LED Curing System

**User Manual** 

Revision: 10 October, 2023

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## **Overview and Safety**

## **UV Curing System Components**

The FireLine FL400 system consists of the following components:

- FireLine FL400 Light Source
- DC Power Supply
- Cooling Water
- Electronic Control (PLC)

The product label on the FL400 light source identifies the production model and configuration. See the example (pictured right):

- FireLine is the product family
- FL400 300x20 is the model number
  - o 300 represents the UV emitting length in mm
  - 20 represents the UV emitting width in mm
- Configuration information follows the model number
  - WC defines unit as water cooled
  - 395 defines the dominant wavelength in nm
- 20W defines the peak irradiance in W/cm2

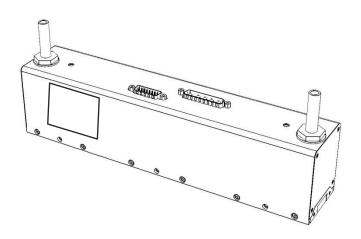




Figure 1.1: Safety Label Placement

**Note:** Current specification on product label may vary based on product

configuration.

CAUTION: The window frame may become a hot surface during UV

operation.



# **Product Safety Information**



## **UV LED Curing Sources**

#### Intended Use

Phoseon light sources and optional power supplies are supplied as "open type" equipment. These system components must be mounted within an enclosure that is suitably designed for the specific environmental conditions present for the final product, and appropriately designed to prevent personal injury resulting from accessibility to live parts.

#### **Protective Guards**

Phoseon light sources include protective guards to fully enclose electrical mechanisms that may cause operator harm during normal use. These fixed guards adhere to the appropriate international safety standards.

CAUTION: Do not operate the light sources or the machine in which they are installed while any safety guards are open, loose, damaged, or missing.

Phoseon light sources are classified as Risk Group 3 under IEC 62471 at a distance of 200mm.

Risk groups defined in IEC 62471:

**Exempt** - There is no photo-biological hazard for the end points in this standard.

**Risk Group 1** - Low Risk. Does not pose a hazard due to normal behavioral limitations on exposure.

**Risk Group 2** - Moderate Risk. Does not pose a hazard due to aversion response to very bright light sources or due to thermal discomfort.

Risk Group 3 - High Risk. May pose a hazard even for momentary or brief exposure.

WARNING: DO NOT LOOK DIRECTLY AT THE UV LIGHT SOURCE WITHOUT WEARING

**UV SAFETY GOGGLES.** 

Note: A portion of the UV light will be visible and will be a strong visual

stimulus.

**Minimum requirement:** UVEX SCT-orange lens which reduces eye fatigue by absorbing blue and green light and allows the operator to clearly view components during curing and inspection processes while absorbing 99.9% of UV radiation and visible light up to 532nm.

**Note:** Phoseon UV LED products emit 90% or more of the total UV light energy

in a narrow wavelength band:

Wavelength	Band
365nm	345 to 385nm
385nm	370 to 410nm
395nm	380 to 420nm
405nm	390 to 430nm

## **Hazard and Safety Notices**

The symbols and labels in the following table are used in Phoseon's light source product documentation and on the product labels. Please familiarize yourself with the symbols and their meaning in order to avoid misuse of the product.

Table 1.1: Safety Notices

	English Description	French Description	Italian Description	German Description	Spanish Description	Dutch Description	Polish Description
Symbol	Safety Notices	Consignes de Sécurite	Avvertenze sulla sicurezza	Sicherheits- hinweise	Notas de Seguridad	Veiligheids- aanduidingen	Ostrzeżenia dotyczące bezpieczeństwa
<u>^!\</u>	Attention Read manual for safety instructions	Attention Lisez les instructions de sécurité dans le manuel	Attenzione Leggere il manuale per le avvertenze sulla sicurezza	Achtung Bitte Vorsichtsmaß- nahmen in der Gebrauchsan- leitung lesen	Atención Lea el manual de Instrucciones de seguridad	Opgelet Lees handleiding voor veiligheids- voorschriften	Uwaga Zapoznaj się z zaleceniami bezpiec- zeństwa w instrukcji
*	UV Light Read manual for safety instructions	Lumière UV Lisez les instructions de sécurité dans le manuel	Luce UV Leggere il manuale per le avvertenze sulla sicurezza	UV LICHT Bitte Vorsichtsmaß- nahmen in der Gebrauchsan- leitung lesen	Luz UV Lea el manual de Instrucciones de seguridad	UV-licht Lees handleiding voor veiligheids- voorschriften	Promieniowa- nie UV Zapoznaj się z zaleceniami bezpiec- zeństwa w instrukcji
<u></u>	Hot Surface	Surface Chaude	Superficie calda	Heiße Oberfläche	Superficie Caliente	Heet oppervlak	Gorąca powierzchnia
RISK GROUP 3 UV EMITTED FROM THIS PRODUCT Avoid eye and skin exposure to unshielded product.	Warning RISK GROUP 3 UV EMITTED FROM THIS PRODUCT Avoid eye and skin exposure to unshielded product.	Avertissement Rayonnement UV À Risque de Groupe 3 Eviter l'exposition des yeux et de la peau sans protection adéquat.	Attenzione DA QUESTO PRODOTTO EMISSIONI UV DELLA CLASSE DI RISCHIO 3 Evitare l'esposizione di occhi e pelle al prodotto non schermato.	Warnung Dieser Strahler emittiert UV- Strahlung der Risikogruppe 3. Setzen Sie Haut und Augen nicht der Strahlung des nicht abgeschirmten Strahlers aus.	Advertencia RADIACION UV DE RIESGO GRUPO 3 EMITIDA POR ESTE PRODUCTO Evite la exposición de ojos y piel por el producto sin protección adecuada.	Waarschuwing UV-STRALING RISICOGROEP 3 UITGEZONDEN VAN DIT PRODUCT Vermijd blootstelling van ogen en huid aan niet- afgeschermd product.	Ostrzeżenie GRUPA ZAGROŻENIA 3 PRODUKT EMITUJE PROMIENIOW ANIE UV Unikać wystawiania skóry i oczu na działanie nieosło- niętego produktu.

Similar to the ANSI Z535.4 standard, the ISO 3864-2 standard defines the hazard severity panels as follows:

Yellow safety alert symbol Indicates possible human injury hazard exists.

**DANGER signal word:** used to indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING signal word: used to indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



**CAUTION signal word:** used to indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



### Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

Phoseon Technology declares, to the best of our knowledge based on available information conducted to us, that our light sources do not contain any homogeneous materials that:

- Contains lead (Pb) in excess of 0.1 weight -% (1000 ppm)
- Contains mercury (Hg) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains hexavalent chromium (Cr VI) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) or polybrominated dimethyl ethers (PBDE) in excess of 0.1 weight-% (1000 ppm)
- Contains cadmium (Cd) in excess of 0.01 weight-% (100 ppm)

## Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Phoseon Technology has determined our products are not subject to EU REACH directive registration requirements.

With regards to the projected candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) - issued 10 October 2008, Phoseon Technology further declares that, to the best of our knowledge, our products do not contain any currently listed SVHC above the level 0.1% by weight.

## **Product Recycling**

This symbol is an internationally agreed indicator that the product bearing it should not be disposed of as general waste or garbage which might end up in landfill sites, but should instead be returned to Phoseon for reuse or be disposed of in accordance with local laws.



Figure 1.1: Do Not Dispose in Trash Symbol

## Setup & Installation

Refer to the following documents for detailed information regarding integration into OEM equipment.

Table 2.1: FL400 Documentation

FireLine FL400	175v70   150v70   775v70   750v70				300x20	350x20
Product Specification		31514				50080
Control Drawing					53293	
DC Cable, 2m, 3W3	329	932		N/A		
DC Cable, 4m, 3W3	329	934		N/A		
DC Cable, 6m, 3W3	32936		N/A			
DC Cables, 5W5	N,	′A	33167- <i>xxM</i> *			
Water Cooling Requirements		28384				
Reducing Light Reflection	28658					
Window Cleaning Instructions	27182					
Declaration of Conformity	29321					
Optional Power Supplies	Phoseon PN:	54112, 54113	Phoseon PN: 54113	Phoseon PN:	54113, 54114	Ask Phoseon Representative

<sup>\*</sup>Where xxM is the length of the cable, in Meters (2, 4, 6, 10 & 15M)

With the exception of the 3rd party power supplies, the above documents are included in this manual and also available as individual documents on the Phoseon Customer Resource Center (CRC) website at www.phoseon support.com.

If using the optional power supply, or any 3rd party power supply, refer to the manufacturer's website for up to date dimensions and specifications. Particularly note any derating needed for operation in the target environment.

## **Electrical**

The FireLine FL400 requires a switching power supply with constant voltage output. The power supply tested by Phoseon for use with the FireLine systems is the Mean Well RSPseries. The Mean Well specifications can be used as a guideline for selecting a switching power supply with the following critical specifications:

- 48Vdc +/- 1V delivered to the light source from constant voltage output source.
- Maximum ripple should be less than 4V peak-to-peak.

• See 31514 Product Specifications for minimum and maximum power delivered to the light source.

A power supply should be used that provides a Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) output and that is certified by a notified body and/or CE marked.

# Requirements for FireLine Light Sources Configured End-to-End

Power requirements are based on individual light sources when configured end-to-end. For example, two FireLine 225 units can be used to create a 450x20 emitting window. Each light source will have a dedicated DC power input based on the requirements defined in 31514 Product Specifications.

Phoseon can tailor a solution for particular integration needs.

## **Mechanical Installation**

Refer to the Control Drawing for the specific FireLine FL400 model for detailed dimensions and mounting point information. Make special note of the following information listed on the Control Drawing:

- Quantity and size of mounting hardware
- Maximum depth of mounting hardware

Refer to the Product Specifications document for the following information:

- DC power/Data connector (manufacturer and model)
- MDC power/Data connector Pinout

CAUTION: The light source may be damaged if these specifications are not followed.

## FireLine™ FL400

## **Product Specifications**

## Phoseon UV LED SLM™ Technology

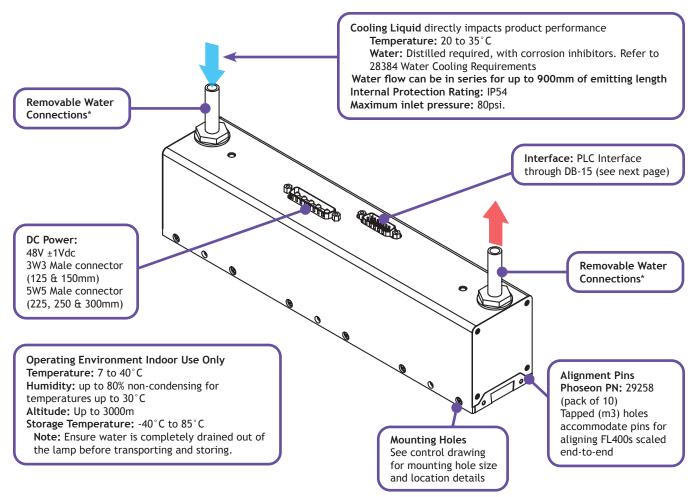
Phoseon Technology is the world leader in providing UV LED solutions for commercial and industrial applications. Phoseon's products deliver superior performance and real-world reliability for UV curing of adhesives, coatings and inks.

Phoseon's patented Semiconductor Light Matrix (SLM)™ technology encapsulates LEDs, arrays, optics and cooling to maximize UV LED curing performance. The FireLine™ FL400 light source is for use in high-performance curing.





## **Light Source Setup**



## **Performance**

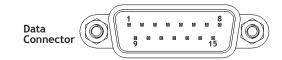
		385, 395, 405nm								
Peak Irradiance		:	24W/cm	2			2	20W/cm	2	
Emitting Window (mm)	125x20	150x20	225x20	250x20	300x20	125x20	150x20	225x20	250x20	300x20
48V Power In (Max)	1604W 33A	1925W 40A	2888W 60A	3209W 67A	3850W 80A	1514W 32A	1817W 38A	2726W 57A	3028W 63A	3634W 76A
Chiller/Cooler Capacity	1315W	1579W	2368W	2631W	3157W	1242W	1490W	2235W	2483W	2980W
Chiller/Cooler Flow Rate	6LPM	8LPM	8LPM	10LPM	10LPM	6LPM	6LPM	6LPM	8LPM	8LPM
Pressure Drop (Typical)	0.16 Bar 2.4 psi	0.31 Bar 4.6 psi	0.38 Bar 5.5 psi	0.61 Bar 8.8 psi	0.62 Bar 9.1 psi	0.16 Bar 2.4 psi	0.18 Bar 2.6 psi	0.21 Bar 3.1 psi	0.39 Bar 5.6 psi	0.40 Bar 5.8 psi
Connector	3W3	3W3	5W5	5W5	5W5	3W3	3W3	5W5	5W5	5W5

		385, 395, 405nm								
Peak Irradiance		1	16W/cm	2				12W/cm	2	
Emitting Window (mm)	125x20	150x20	225x20	250x20	300x20	125x20	150x20	225x20	250x20	300x20
48V Power In (Max)	1211W 25A	1454W 30A	2180W 45A	2423W 50A	2907W 61A	909W 19A	1090W 23A	1635W 34A	1817W 38A	2180W 45A
Chiller/Cooler Capacity	993W	1192W	1788W	1987W	2384W	745W	894W	1341W	1490W	1788W
Chiller/Cooler Flow Rate	6LPM	6LPM	6LPM	8LPM	8LPM	6LPM	6LPM	6LPM	8LPM	8LPM
Pressure Drop (Typical)	0.16 Bar 2.4 psi	0.18 Bar 2.6 psi	0.21 Bar 3.1 psi	0.39 Bar 5.6 psi	0.40 Bar 5.8 psi	0.16 Bar 2.4 psi	0.18 Bar 2.6 psi	0.21 Bar 3.1 psi	0.39 Bar 5.6 psi	0.40 Bar 5.8 psi
Connector	3W3	3W3	5W5	5W5	5W5	3W3	3W3	5W5	5W5	5W5

	365nm					
Peak Irradiance		•	12W/cm	2		
Emitting Window (mm)	125x20	150x20	225x20	250x20	300x20	
48V Power In (Max)	909W 19A	1090W 23A	1635W 34A	1817W 38A	2180W 45A	
Chiller/Cooler Capacity	745W	894W	1341W	1490W	1788W	
Chiller/Cooler Flow Rate	6LPM	6LPM	6LPM	8LPM	8LPM	
Pressure Drop (Typical)	0.16 Bar 2.4 psi	0.18 Bar 2.6 psi	0.21 Bar 3.1 psi	0.39 Bar 5.6 psi	0.40 Bar 5.8 psi	
Connector	3W3	3W3	5W5	5W5	5W5	

### **PLC Interface**

The male DB-15 connector is used to control the light source via PLC.



- 1\* Do Not Use
- 2 Intensity Control: (Voltage Input: 0.1V-10V) 0.1V = 1% of full power 10V = 100% of full power Internal resistive load on this Pin is  $200k\Omega$
- 3 Enable High: (24V PLC Input) 0 to 6V (ground/open input) = OFF or 16 to 24V = ON Internal resistive load on this Pin is 125kΩ
- 4\* Do Not Use
- Thermal Fault Feedback: (24V PLC Output) 0 to 6V (ground) = Fault or 16 to 24V (open) = No Fault Connected to high impedance input External resistive load on this Pin must be >3kΩ

- 6\* Do Not Use
- 7 UV Overide
  Pulled low to ground (0V) =
  UV Emission Stopped
  Floating = UV Emission Allowed
  (Internally pulled high to +24V)
  DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE
  TO THIS PIN
  - Sink Current Maximum = 2.4mA
- 8 Ground
- 9 Ground
- 10 Ground

- 11 Fault: (24V PLC Output)
  0 to 6 (ground) = Fault or
  16 to 24V (open) = No Fault
  Internal resistive load on this
  Pin is >3kΩ
  Sink Current Maximum = 6mA
  Should be connected to high
  impedance input
- 12 RS485 Communication: Serial -
- 13 RS485 Communication: Serial +
- 4 Ground
- 15 Temperature Monitor: (Voltage Output) Voltage proportional to SLM heat sink temperature 0.1V = 1°C This value should not exceed approximately 6V

Pins may be tied together to control multiple light sources from a single DB-15 interface with the following exceptions:

\* Leave these Pins open (unconnected).

### **DC Power Connectors**

Mating DC Connector Options

The male Dsub connector is used to provide power to the light source.

#### 3W3 Connector

3W3 Female Dsub connector
Connector Housing: FCI PN DA3W3SA00LF
Female Contacts:
FCI PN 8638PSS4005LF (40A Max Solder
Contacts) or FCI PN 8638PSC4005LF
(40A Max Crimp Contacts)
Phoseon Custom Backshell Kit PN: 33027

Female 40A 3W3 with Solder Contacts: Norcomp PN 680S3W3203L401

Custom Backshell Components plus hardware Phoseon 2m Cable PN: 32932 +48Vdc NC +48Vdc Return V
3W3
DC Connector 1 3

#### 5W5 Connector

**Mating DC Connector Options** 

5W5 Female Dsub connector

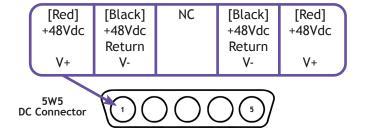
Connector Housing: FCI PN DB5W5SA00LF Female Contacts:

FCI PN 8638PSS4005LF (40A Max Solder Contacts) or FCI PN 8638PSC4005LF (40A Max Crimp Contacts)

Phoseon Custom Backshell Kit PN: 32968 Female 40A 5W5 with Solder Contacts: Norcomp PN 680S5W5203L401

Custom Backshell Components plus hardware

Phoseon 2m Cable PN: 33167

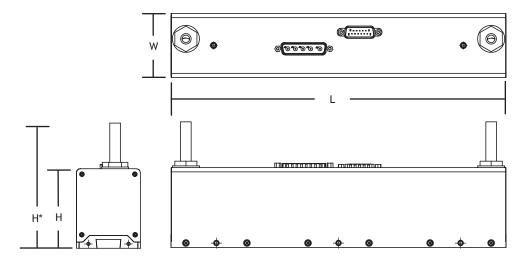


## **Dimensions**

Units of measurement: mm

FireLine FL400					
UV Emitting Window (mm)	125X20	150X20	225x20	250x20	300X20
L	127	152	227	252	302
W	58	58	58	58	58
Н	72	72	72	72	72
H*	113.3	113.3	113.3	113.3	113.3
Weight (kg)	1.1	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.3

\*Height with 3/8" straight water fittings, which may vary with other options.





## Phoseon™ TECHNOLOGY

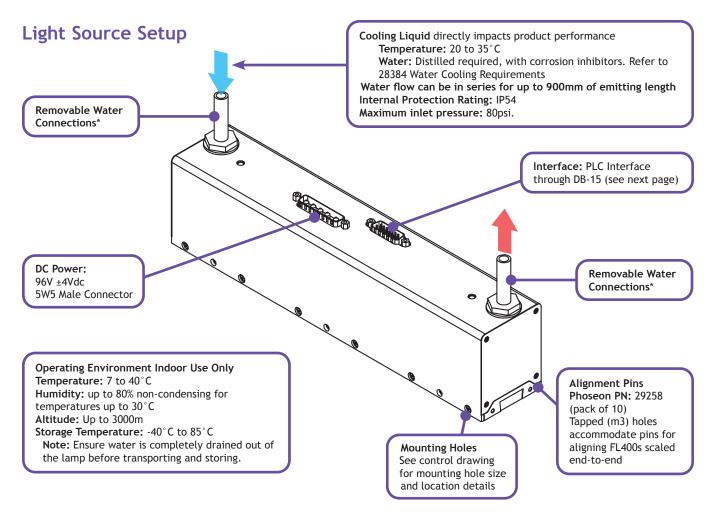
## **Product Specifications**

## Phoseon UV LED SLM™ Technology

Phoseon Technology is the world leader in providing UV LED solutions for commercial and industrial applications. Phoseon's products deliver superior performance and real-world reliability for UV curing of adhesives, coatings and inks.

Phoseon's patented Semiconductor Light Matrix (SLM) $^{\mathbb{M}}$  technology encapsulates LEDs, arrays, optics and cooling to maximize UV LED curing performance. The FireLine $^{\mathbb{M}}$  FL400 light source is for use in high-performance curing.





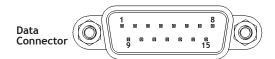
3/8" OD straight tube (PN 32941) 3/8" OD barbed (PN 32942) 3/8" NPT (PN 32943) Adapter for 3/8" female NPT scaled water kit (PN 32945)

#### **Performance**

	395	inm		
Peak Irradiance	20W/cm²	24W/cm²		
Emitting Window (mm)	350	)x20		
96V Power In (Max)	3400W 35A	3700W 39A		
Chiller/Cooler Capacity	2800W	3050W		
Chiller/Cooler Flow Rate	8LPM 8LPM			
Connector	5\	W5		

#### **PLC Interface**

The male DB-15 connector is used to control the light source via PLC.



- 1\* Do Not Use
- Intensity Control: (Voltage Input: 0.1V-10V) 0.1V = 1% of full power 10V = 100% of full power Internal resistive load on this Pin is  $200k\Omega$
- Enable High: (24V PLC Input) 0 to 6V (ground/open input) = OFF or 16 to 24V = ON Internal resistive load on this Pin is  $125k\Omega$
- Do Not Use
- Thermal Fault Feedback: (24V PLC Output) 0 to 6V (ground) = Fault or 16 to 24V (open) = No Fault Connected to high impedance input External resistive load on this Pin must be  $>3k\Omega$

- Do Not Use
- **UV** Overide 7 Pulled low to ground (0V) = **UV** Emission Stopped Floating = UV Emission Allowed (Internally pulled high to +24V) DO NOT APPLY VOLTAGE TO THIS PIN Sink Current Maximum = 2.4mA
- Ground
- Ground
- 10 Ground

- 11 Fault: (24V PLC Output) 0 to 6 (ground) = Fault or 16 to 24V (open) = No Fault Internal resistive load on this Pin is  $>3k\Omega$ Sink Current Maximum = 6mA Should be connected to high
  - impedance input
- 12 RS485 Communication: Serial -
- RS485 Communication: Serial +
- 14 Ground
- Temperature Monitor: (Voltage Output) Voltage proportional to SLM heat sink temperature 0.1V = 1°C This value should not exceed approximately 6V

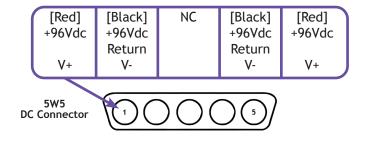
Pins may be tied together to control multiple light sources from a single DB-15 interface with the following exceptions: \*Leave these Pins open (unconnected).

### **DC Power Connectors**

The male Dsub connector is used to provide power to the light source.

#### 5W5 Connector

DC Power Cable, Mating DC Connector 5W5 Female Dsub connector Connector Housing: FCI PN DB5W5SA00LF Female Contacts: FCI PN 8638PSS4005LF (40A Max Solder Contacts) or FCI PN 8638PSC4005LF (40A Max Crimp Contacts) Phoseon 2m Cable PN: 33167 Phoseon Custom Backshell Kit PN: 32968

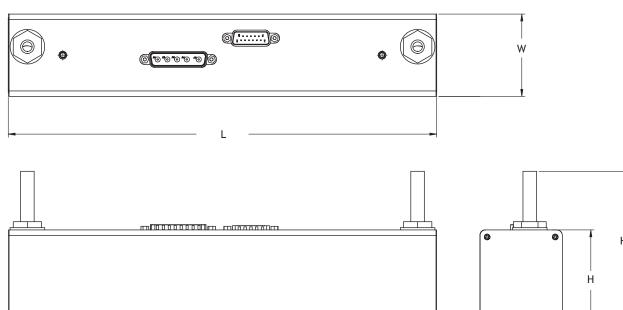


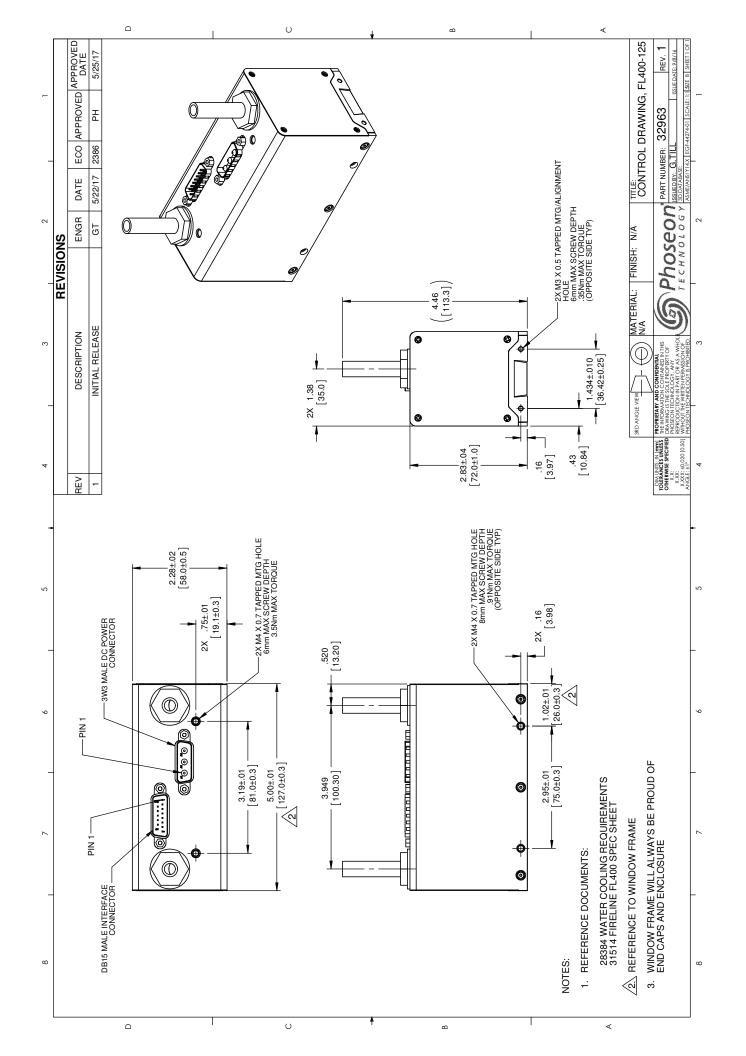
## **Dimensions**

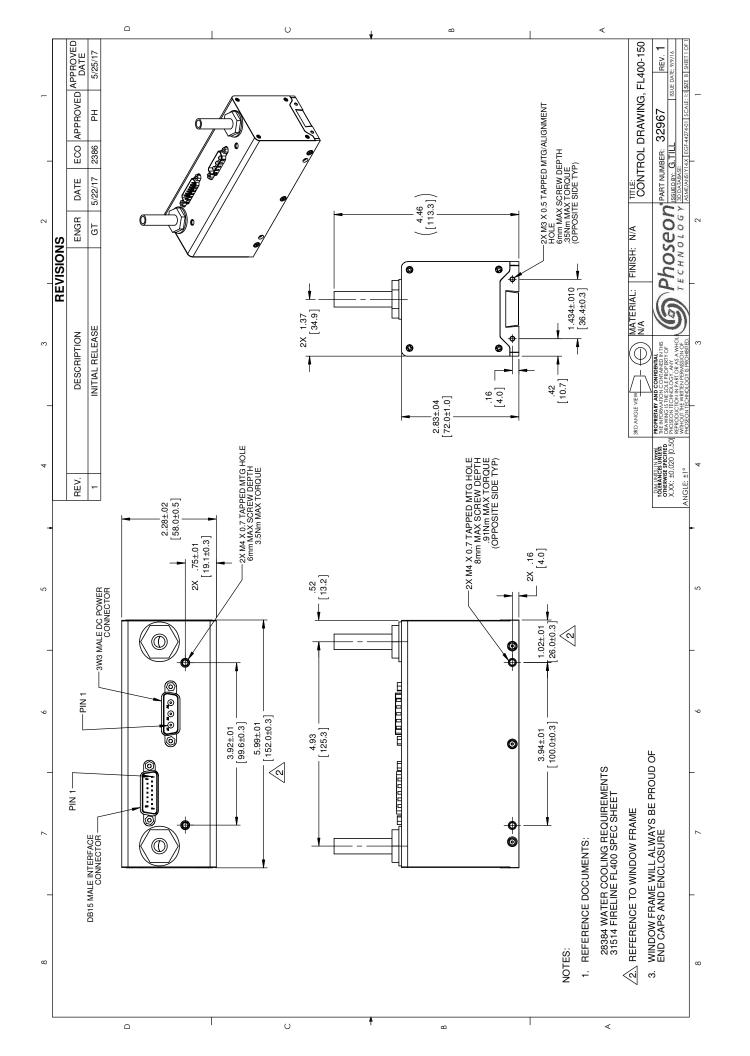
Units of measurement: mm

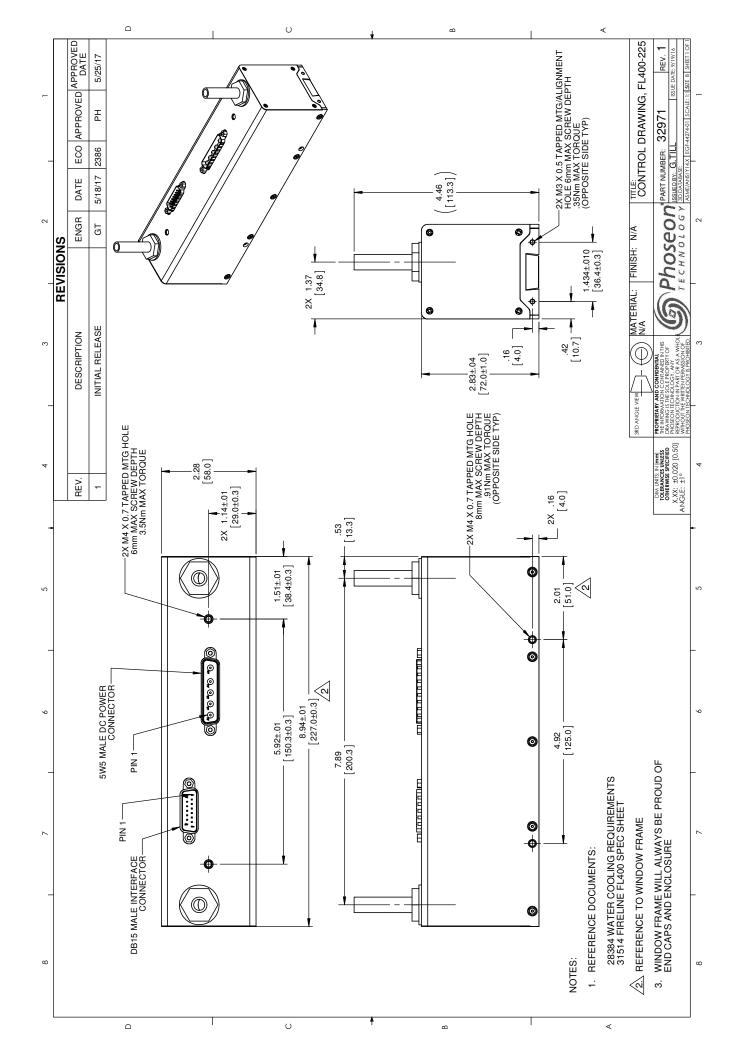
FireLine FL400					
UV Emitting Window (mm)	350X20				
L	TBD (351-356)				
W	58				
Н	72				
H*	113				
Weight (kg)	3.6				

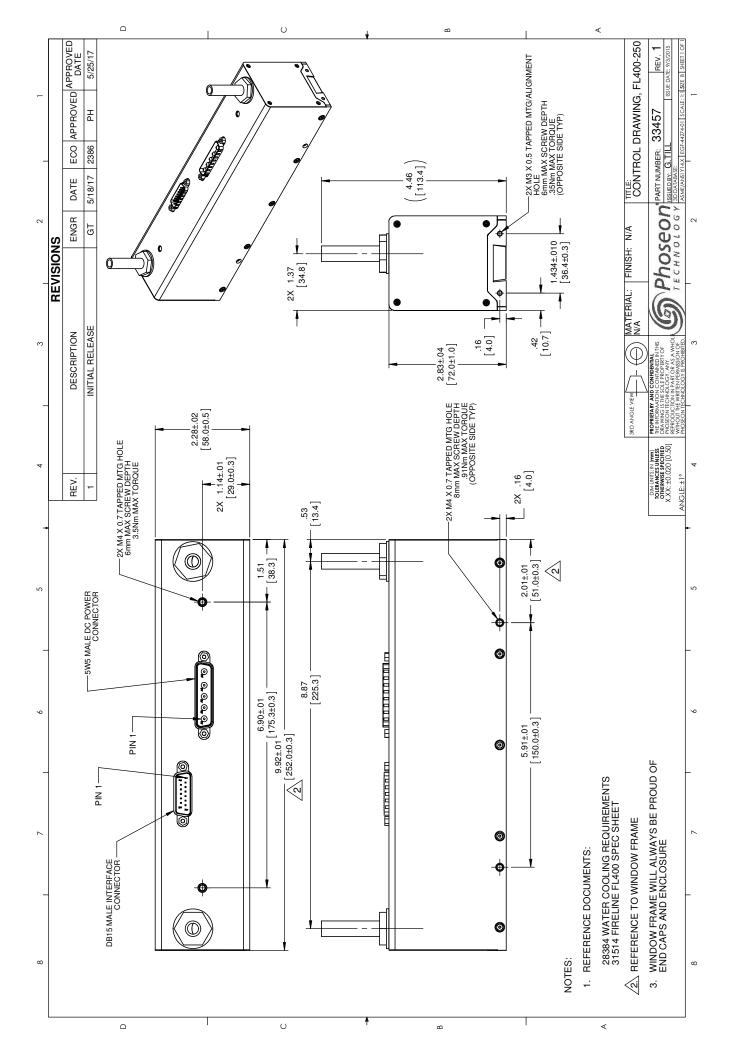
<sup>\*</sup>Height with 3/8" straight water fittings, which may vary with other options.

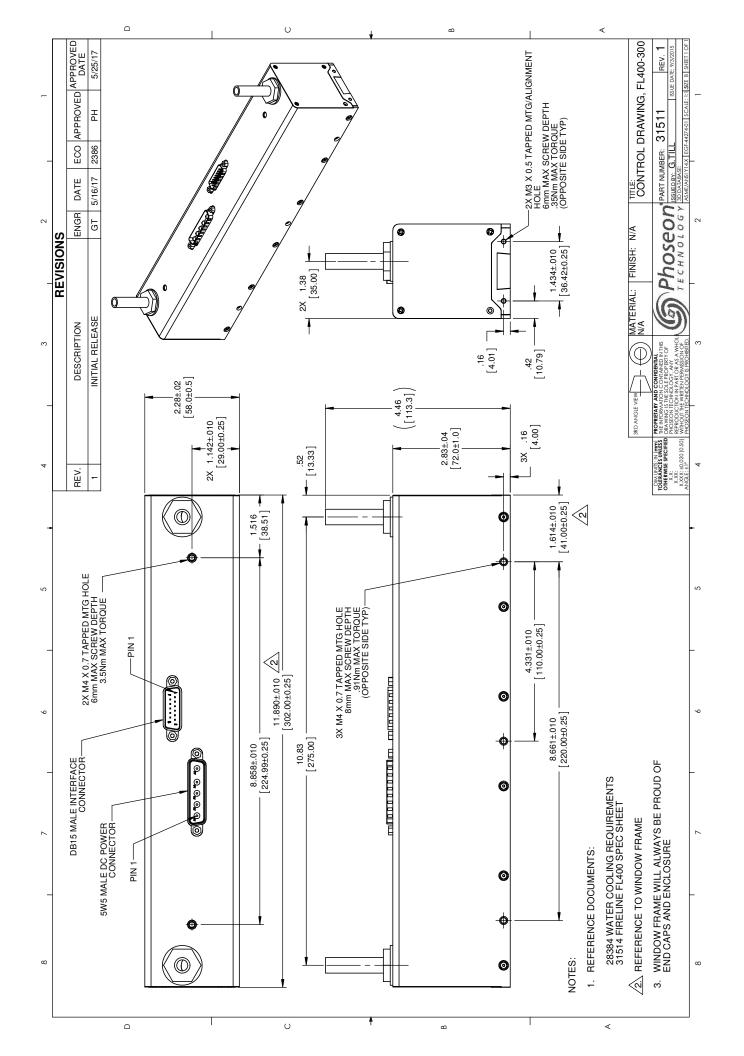


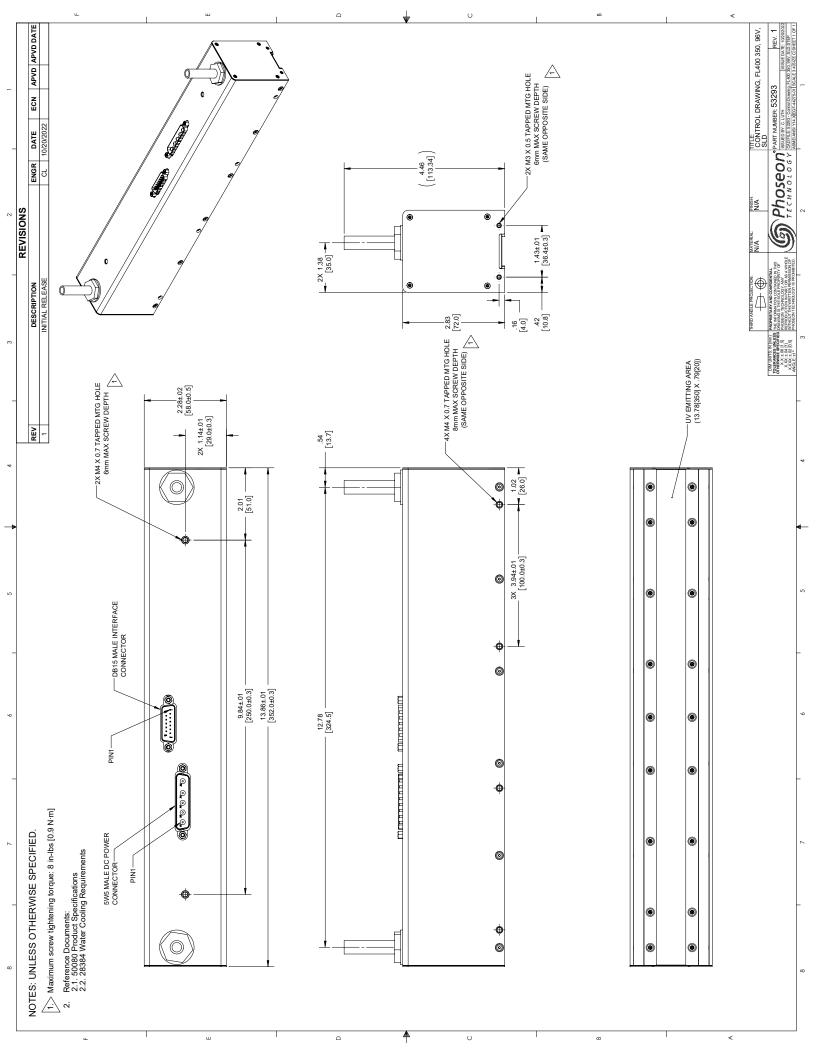












ENG GT G 12/2/16 12/5/17 DATE DESIGN CHANGE: BOM ITEM 11 NOW 28A5776-0A2, ITEM 3 BACKSHELL UPDATES AND ITEM 7 NOW FHP. REVISIONS INITIAL RELEASE DESCRIPTION REV. 7 က

ECN/APP'D 2570/ PH 2177/ PH 3212/JB DVF 6/27/19 UPDATE CAPTIVE SCREW

TEST CABLE ASSEMBLY CONTINUITY FROM PIN TO PIN.

TOLERANCE:
DIMENSIONS LESS THAN 3.00 (76.2mm) SHALL BE: XX = +/-.10 [2.5mm]
DIMENSIONS BETWEEN 3.00 (76.2mm) AND 12.00 [304.8mm] SHALL BE: XX = +/-.25 [6.4mm].
DIMENSIONS BETWEEN 12.01 [304.8mm] AND 36.00 [301.4mm] SHALL BE: XX = +/-.50 [12.8mm]
ALL DIMENSIONS GREATER THAN 36.00 [914.4mm] SHALL BE +/- 1% OF SPECIFICED LENGTH.

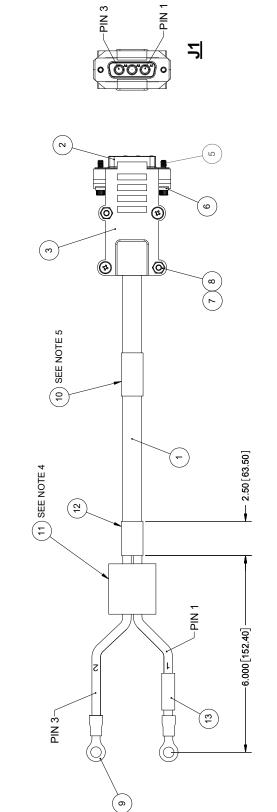
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1. CABLE ASSEMBLY SHALL BE ASSEMBLED PER COMPONENT MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED PROCEDURES. ALL CRIMPED WIRE TERMINATIONS SHALL PASS MANUFACTURER'S CRIMP HEIGHT AND PULL TEST REQUIREMENTS.

NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

4. THE CLAMP-ON-FERRITE MUST FIT FIRMLY AROUND THE CABLE ASSEMBLY. A TIE WRAP OR HEAT SHRINK TUBING OR A NYLON SPACER CAN BE USED UNDER THE CLAMP-ON-FERRITE.

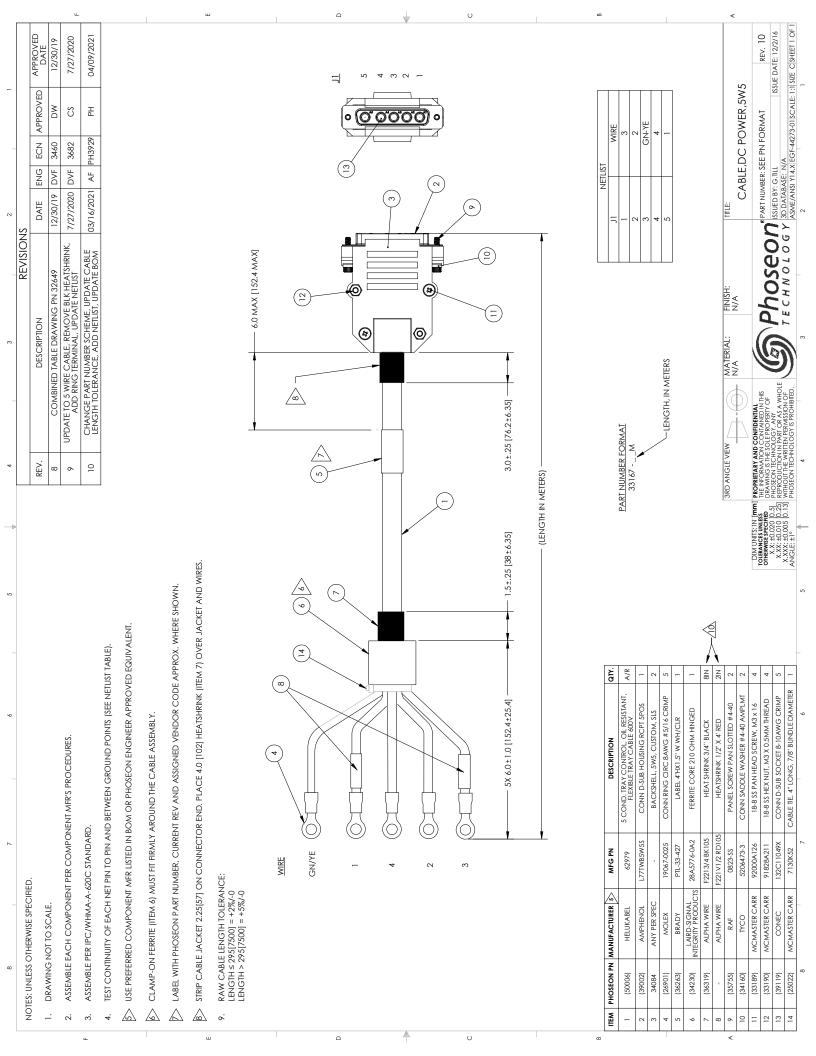
5. PART MARKING: LABEL WITH PHOSEON PART NUMBER AND REVISION WHERE SHOWN.



O

Title
Cable, 2-conductor, 8AWG, Shielded
Conn,3W3,Fem,IP67
Custom Connector Back Shell
4-40 x 5/8 Captive Screw
Saddle Washer
Screw, Flat Head Phillips, M3-0.5 x 16, 18-8
Nut, M3, 5.5W x 2.4 Tall, 18-8
Ring Terminal, 8 awg, 5/16" stud, Insulated
Label, selflaminating, 1 x 3/4
Ferrite Tube Box Clampon .75" BLK
Tubing, heatshrink, 3/4", black, adhevsive
Tubing, heatshrink, 3/16", red

ISSUE DATE: 12/2/16 SCALE: 1:1 SZE C SHEET 1 OF 1 CABLE, DC, 3W3, 2M Phoseon subber: 32932 (SUE) TECHNOLOGY SUBBER: 6.71LL ANDLOGY SUBBER: 6.71LL ANDLOGY SUBBER: 6.71LL FINISH: N/A MATERIAL: N/A DIM UNITS IN [mm] PROPRETARY AND CONFIDENTIAL
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ANGLE 21? 3RD ANGLE VIEW



# **Water Cooling Requirements**



## **Technical Note**

#### **Overview**

Phoseon offers several water-cooled light sources. Water cooling is the most efficient way to remove excess heat from any device. Water cooling is a closed system, consisting of water channels internal to the light source, an external cooler or chiller, and the water lines connecting the two. The cooling water runs through the light source to transfer heat away from the UV LEDs, and the chiller or cooler then removes the excess heat from the water before it is circulated back to the light source.



Proper setup and regular maintenance of the water cooling system is a requirement of the Phoseon warranty. Failure to follow the requirements listed below can result in permanent damage to the light source. This document supersedes any recommendations or requirements in the Cooling Water or Water Condensation Hazard sections of the product manuals.

### **Warranty Requirements**

The following requirements must be met to maintain the optimum performance of the light source. Failure to meet these requirements voids the warranty.

The water chiller must meet the flow rate and cooling capacity requirements of the Phoseon light source. Flow rates and cooling capacities are listed on the product specification sheets and in the OEM manuals.

- **Use distilled water only.** Do not use tap water or deionized water. They are harmful to the cooling system.
- **Use an anti-corrosion additive.** Water is very corrosive to metals, so protection against corrosion is essential.
- Avoid conditions that cause condensation to form on the water lines and inside the light source.
- **Use a flow switch** or other safeguard to insure the light source is not enabled without cooling water.

See below for additional details on these requirements.

## **Water Preparation**

#### Use distilled water only

The minerals typically found in tap water are detrimental to the cooling system, and in extreme cases will cause complete blocking of the water channels inside the light source. Do not use deionized water in the cooling system. Deionized water is extremely corrosive, and will quickly degrade the water channels.

#### Use an anti-corrosive additive

Anti-corrosion additives are required to keep the water channels clear. Using distilled water alone reduces, but does not eliminate, the build-up of deposits in the channels due to galvanic corrosion. A convenient way to add anti-corrosion ingredients to the water cooling system is through the use of readily available coolants (anti-freezes). Most coolants contain proprietary anti-corrosion additives which are effective in preventing deposits. Simply verify that the coolant is specified to provide protection for multiple metals, including copper, aluminum and brass.

#### Phoseon has tested:

#### DowFrost™ Heat Transfer Fluid

- Concentration of Propylene Glycol: 96% before dilution
- Coolant/Distilled water mix: 25%-30% concentration, remainder distilled water

#### Coolant requirements:

- Type: DowFrost™ Heat Transfer Fluid or equivalent
- Concentration of Propylene Glycol: 96% before dilution
- Coolant/Distilled water mix: 25%-30% concentration, remainder distilled water
- Protection for multiple metals, including copper, aluminum and brass

Propylene glycol based coolant is also classified as non-toxic and is available worldwide. In addition, a coolant mixture of at least 25%, as required by Phoseon, eliminates the need for an algaecide. However, do not use a mixture of more than 30% coolant, as it will reduce the cooling capacity by too great an amount.

In some environments, a 25% to 30% concentration of coolant produces foam in the cooling water, lowering the cooling efficiency. If foam is present in the cooling water, an alternative is a 20% concentration along with an algaecide.

Be aware that the chiller manufacturer may require specific additives in order to remain under their warranty. Always check with the chiller manufacturer before using a coolant.

#### Phoseon has tested:

PolyScience Lab Algicide General purpose lab algaecide.

- Dosage: 20 drops/gal
- 8 oz. (treats 400 gallons)

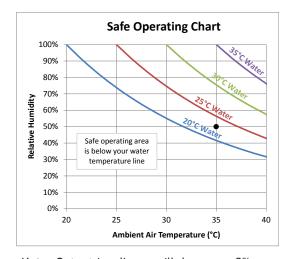
## **Understanding Condensation**

Condensation must be avoided under all conditions. If water collects inside the light source or other equipment, permanent damage will result. It is therefore important to be aware of ambient conditions that lead to condensation.

### Dew point

Condensation occurs when humid air makes contact with a colder surface. If the surface is cold enough, the air cools to the point where it can no longer hold its water vapor. This causes liquid water to form on the surface.

The temperature at which condensation occurs is known as the dew point. For any combination of ambient air temperature and relative humidity the dew point is predictable. Therefore the conditions under which condensation occurs can be avoided.



**Note:** Output irradiance will decrease <2% for every 10°C rise in water temperature. All Phoseon light sources are set at the factory using 30°C cooling water.

#### Risk conditions

Phoseon water cooled products are specified for operation with a water temperature of 20 - 35°C. Refer to the Safe Operating Chart at right. On this chart the water temperature lines indicate where the dew point matches the water temperature. Any combination of relative humidity and ambient temperature that is above a given water temperature line represents a condition where condensation can occur.

Phoseon recommends using a higher water temperature of 30 to 35°C to reduce the risk of condensation. As an example suppose the ambient conditions are 35°C and 50% RH, shown as a black dot on the chart. If the cooling water temperature is 20°C there is a risk of condensation. In this case increasing the water temperature to 25°C or higher will avoid condensation.

Look at your water lines for a quick way to determine if your current conditions are causing condensation. If the water lines coming from the chiller are forming condensation, increase the water temperature to eliminate condensation. Note that in extreme conditions, it may be necessary to reduce the ambient temperature and/or reduce the relative humidity to eliminate condensation.

### **Operating Requirements**

#### Avoid conditions that cause condensation

The chart at right lists the operating environment specifications for Phoseon water-cooled light sources. Select a water temperature based on your maximum ambient air temperature and relative humidity. In addition, it is good practice to turn off the cooling water whenever the UV output is turned off for more than a few minutes. This allows the water channels to adjust to the ambient air temperature, reducing the chances of condensation.

#### Use a flow switch

As an added safety measure, the use of a water flow switch is required. A flow switch inserted at chiller's water path output will guard against enabling the UV output when the water flow is off. The output of a flow switch is a simple contact closure. By choosing a switch that matches the light source's Interlock or UV Override control pin function, the UV output is disabled when no water is flowing. The flow switch may be replaced by an equivalent function in an integrated control system.

Operating Environment					
Ambient Temp	10 to 40°C				
Water Temp	20 to 35°C				
Max Relative Humidity	Varies (See below)				
w/ 35°C Water	<80% RH up to 37°C ambient <70% RH up to 40°C ambient				
w/ 30°C Water	<80% RH up to 32°C ambient <55% RH up to 40°C ambient				
w/ 25°C Water	<80% RH up to 27°C ambient <40% RH up to 40°C ambient				
w/ 20°C Water	<80% RH up to 22°C ambient <25% RH up to 40°C ambient				

#### Phoseon has tested:

#### **Gems Sensors**

Flow Switch part number:

129661 Normally open with no flow (3.7LPM) 129667 Normally closed with no flow (3.7LPM) 129666 Normally closed with no flow (1.9LPM)





### **Technical Note**

Water-cooled UV LED light sources use water circulated through the light source to cool the LEDs. Improper connection of water tubes to the water pipes can result in water leaking onto the light source and causing damage. This technical note provides instructions on how to install and remove water tubes on to the water pipes as well as recommended specifications of water tubes and clamps.

#### **Material Recommendation**

Phoseon recommends that all water tubes inserted over the barbed water pipes be made of polyethylene, nylon, or polyurethane material with a durometer of D50-D70 (durometer is a measure of hardness of a material and can usually be found within the water tube specifications). Ensure the inside diameter of the water tube is equal the outside diameter of the water pipe.

The water tubes must be secured on the barbed water pipes with clamps. The clamp band must be at least 15mm wide but 18mm is recommended — dimension "a" in Figure 1. The use of T-Bolt or Worm Drive clamps is acceptable. See figure 2.



Figure 1

#### Water Tube Installation

When installing the water tubes onto the barbed water pipes, Phoseon recommends applying silicon spray to the water pipes for easy installation and removal of the water tubes. Install the water tubes so the ends are just past the last barb, as shown in Figure 3. Once the water tubes are in place, move the clamps over the barbs and ensure at least 3 barbs are covered by the clamp band. Tighten the clamps just enough to form a good seal — if the clamps are too tight removal of the water tubes becomes difficult. To test for leaks use clean (oil-less) compressed dry air to





T-bolt Clamp Worm Drive Clamp Figure 2

pressurize and leak check the system before running water through.

### Water Tube Removal

Before attempting to remove the water tubes, ensure the clamps are completely loose. Twist the water tube clockwise and counter-clockwise while pulling up on the water tube. If removal is difficult, use a hot air gun on the water tubes and try again to remove. Do not use a knife or sharp object to cut the water tube from the water pipes. The brass water pipes gouge easily and may cause a permanent leak between the water tube and water pipes.

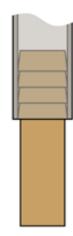


Figure 3

# **Compression Fitting**



## Installation Instructions

### Notes:

- **Swagelok** type fittings are not necessarily recommended for Phoseon light source, but if Swagelok type fittings are required then the following steps must be followed.
- The Phoseon brass water-pipe is **not** designed to directly withstand the high-torque required to either tighten or loosen the Swagelok type fitting **Do not exceed a torque of 13.6Nm (10 ft·lb)**, as this will damage the brass water-pipe causing it to leak.
- Two wrenches must be used one to hold the fitting and one to loosen the fitting nut.

### Installation Tools Needed (from left-to-right):

- Two wrenches
- Marker
- Swage fitting set
- Gap inspection gauge



**Installation Tools** 

### **Instructions:**

#### 1. Pre-installing

- Disconnect DC Power from the light source.
- Inspect on the water tube to make sure it is free of burrs and scratches.

#### 2. Initial installation

- Insert swage fitting, with the ferrule inside, onto the water pipe.
- Ensure the pipe is completely seated up against shoulder of the fitting.
- Rotate the nut finger tight by hand.
- Mark the nut at the 6 o'clock position.
- While holding the body of the fitting steady with one wrench, tighten the nut one and one quarter (1½) turns clockwise with the second wrench until the marker reaches the 9 o'clock position.



Seat fitting on pipe and mark the 6 O'clock position on nut



Use two wrenches



Tighten the nut 11/4 turns

• On initial installation, use gap inspection gauge to ensure the tube fitting has been sufficiently tightened. Position the gauge between the nut and body. If the gauge will not enter the gap, the fitting is sufficiently tightened. If the gauge will enter the gap, additional tightening is required.





Improperly tightened

Properly tightened

#### 3. Reinstallation

- To reassemble, insert the fitting body straightly onto the tubing with pre-swaged ferrules.
- Rotate the nut with to the previously pulled up position with a
- significant increase in resistance gradually. Finally, while holding the body of the fitting steady with one wrench, tighten the nut slightly with the second wrench.

Note: Do not use Swagelok gap inspection gauge with reassembled fittings.



Pre-swaged ferrules with swag fitting set

# **Reducing Light Reflection**



### Technical Note

#### **Overview**

One of the many benefits of UV LED technology is divergent light, meaning there is no focal point of the light output. This creates a longer exposure time for media traveling under the light source, and therefore typically higher dose for curing the adhesive, coating, ink or other UV curable material.

When the light source is mounted adjacent to a print head, there may be a concern when using very sensitive inks that light could reflect off the media into the print head and begin curing prematurely. This document describes techniques to reduce reflected light.

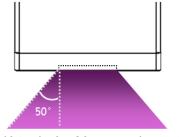
#### Note:

- The types of print media (surface roughness, reflectivity, color, etc.) will change the behavior and amount of any UV light reflection
- Increasing or decreasing the distance of the light source to the media changes the peak intensity of the UV and may affect cure speed
- Uses of recommendations in this document are done solely at the user's risk; Phoseon claims no responsibility for damage of any inkjet components

### **Light Output Angle**

The typical half angle of light output from Phoseon UV LED light sources with a 20mm wide emitting window is approximately  $50^{\circ}$  from the edge of the glass.

For products with a 10mm wide emitting window, the half angle varies depending on the type of optic; please refer to the Optics Option Technical Note for more information regarding the shape of the light output.



Half Angle for 20mm products ~50°

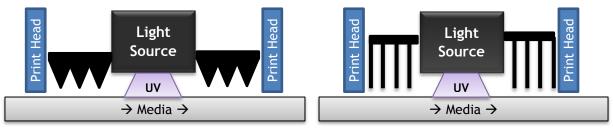
## **Reducing Light Reflection**

To reduce the light reflection, the following techniques can be used:

- Use materials around the light source that absorb or do not reflect UV (examples below) and avoid materials that are good UV reflectors such as bare Aluminum
  - Black anodized or black painted materials
  - Optical absorption and anti-reflective coatings
  - Thorlabs blackout materials, e.g. black metal foil (http://www.thorlabs.com)
  - Steel
- Increase surface roughness of materials between the light source and print head
  - Avoid smooth surfaces, which are good reflectors
  - Bead blasting or other roughening techniques reduce reflection of flat surfaces
- Use light traps or a baffles between the light source and print heads
  - o Saw-tooth forms and straight-fins are good for capturing any reflected light
  - Increase number of grooves and increase depth of baffles
- Keep the light source close to the surface to reduce light spread

### Light Baffle Examples (not to scale)

Adding a light baffle creates a surface to catch the reflected light beams and prevents them from reflecting (bouncing) off of other materials in the system and reduces the light spread.

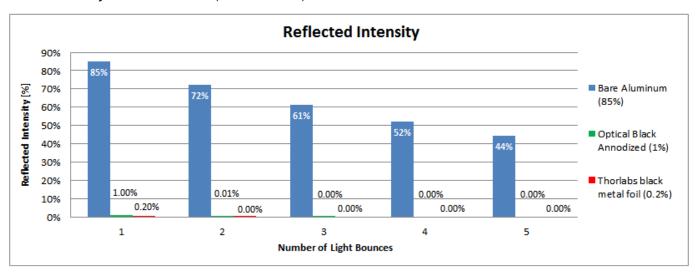


Saw-tooth form light baffle

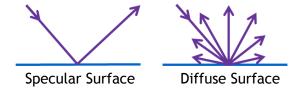
Straight-fin light baffle

#### **Materials**

As stated above, avoid reflective materials such as bare Aluminum, as it has a UV reflectivity rating of 85%, whereas a surface that has been anodized optical black has a UV reflectivity rating of 1% and the Thorlabs black metal foil has a rating of 0.2% (see chart below). The intensity of the light will decrease every time it reflects (or 'bounces') off of a surface.



The surface finish of the material also affects how the light spreads. A specular surface is a smooth, mirror-like finish that allows a light beam to remain intact as it reflects off of the surface. A diffuse surface is a rough, textured finish that scatters the beam, causing the beam to reflect in many different directions. An example of a specular surface could be a mirror or polished metal. An example of a diffuse surface could be paper or textured paint.

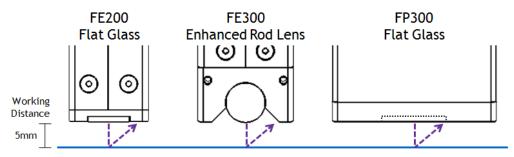


### **Light Reflection Examples**

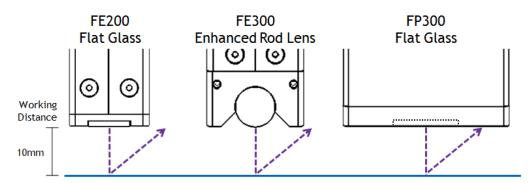
When curing with a reflective surface, like bare or polished aluminum, the size of the window frame and the working distance from the emitting window to the media, will affect how much light is allowed to reflect past the light source. Adding a light catch or shield that extends past the light source will catch some of this reflected light.

The amount of reflected light from a light source will vary based on the setup including:

- The peak intensity of the light source: directly correlates to the intensity of the reflected light, especially on a specular surface
- The type of window frame and optic: a focused light like the FE300 concentrates the light into a smaller area on the surface, where the FE200 Flat Glass and FP300 allows the light to spread due to the half-angle of the light output
- The working distance height between the light source and media: a larger working distance allows more room for the light to reflect past the emitting window frame
- The type of media surface: a highly reflective specular surface will reflect light more intensely than a non-reflective diffuse surface



Phoseon Product Examples at 5mm Working Distance

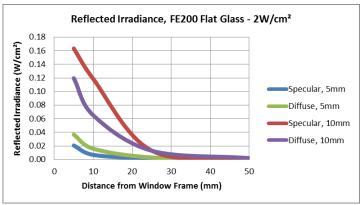


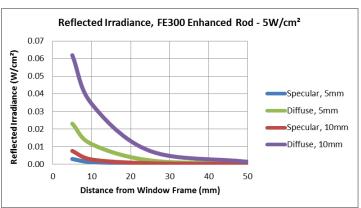
Phoseon Product Examples at 10mm Working Distance

The charts below illustrate the irradiance values of reflected light with 3 different light sources; the FE200-2W/cm<sup>2</sup> with Flat Glass, the FE300-5W/cm<sup>2</sup> with Enhanced Rod Lens, and an FP300-20W/cm<sup>2</sup>.

- The media is shown as a worst-case scenario with 100% reflectivity, meaning the media is not absorbing any of the UV energy, even if it is a specular or diffuse surface
  - o For comparison, bare aluminum is 85% reflective as shown in the previous chart
  - o In actual use, most surfaces will absorb some of the UV energy, which is either used to kick off a UV reaction (inks, coatings, or adhesives), or turns into heat
- The media is shown in two forms: a specular (smooth) surface and a diffuse (rough) surface

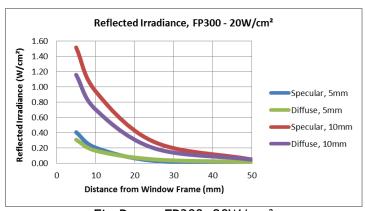
- Each media type is shown at two different working distances: 5mm and 10mm from the emitting window to the media
- The point of measurement for the reflected light is on the same plane as the emitting window at varying distances away from the edge of the light source (window frame, not the glass)





FireEdge FE200 Flat Glass, 2W/cm<sup>2</sup>

FireEdge FE300 Enhanced Rod, 5W/cm<sup>2</sup>



FirePower FP300, 20W/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### Observations from the charts above:

- The intensity of the light reflections from the FE200 are 10x less than the FP300, due to the difference in peak intensities (2W/cm² versus 20W/cm²)
- The FE300 has less intense light reflections and less specular reflection than the FE200 due to the Enhanced Rod Lens creating a narrower light output
- Other Phoseon products with 20mm emitting windows will have similar reflected irradiance patterns to the FP300, but the distance from the emitting window is different due to the width of the window frames

## PLC & RS485 Control

The light source can be controlled via a PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) using the DB-15 connection (see 31514 Product Specifications).

The light source can also be controlled via the RS485 interface on the DB-15 connector (see 31877, FL400 RS485 Communication).

## Connecting an Override Circuit

The FireLine light source has the capability to support a customer-supplied override circuit. This is useful for situations where the function of the light source is tied to an enclosure or distance above a conveyor, where the UV emission should be stopped when a door is opened or if the light source is raised a specified distance above a conveyor. An external interlock circuit is not required for light source operation. If the light source is connected to an external customer-defined circuit, then this circuit should be tied to Pin 7. When 0V to +6V is applied to Pin 7, UV emission is stopped.

As an added safety measure, the use of a water flow switch is highly recommended. A flow switch inserted at chiller's water path output will guard against enabling the UV output when the water flow is off. The output of a flow switch is a simple contact closure. By choosing a switch that is normally closed when no water is flowing, it can be connected to the Controller Ready/UV Override Pin (Pin 7) of the light source controller. The flow switch may be replaced by an equivalent function in an integrated control system. Phoseon recommends the Gems Sensor, NC (normally-closed), 0.5GPM (2LPM) flow switch: PN 129666.

## **Connecting Multiple Light Sources**

If multiple light sources are used and controlled together, the following Pins can be "AND" tied together so that one DB-15 interface can be used to control all light sources in unison:

- Pin 2 (Intensity Control)
- Pin 3 (Enable)
- Pin 5 (Thermal Fault)
- Pin 7 (UV Override)
- Pins 8-10, 14 (Ground)
- Pin 11 (Fault)
- Pin 15 (Temperature Monitor)

#### CAUTION: DO NOT tie together the following Output signal Pins:

- o Pin 1 (Do Not Use)
- o Pin 6 (Do Not Use)

## **Operation**

## On/Off Control

The UV output of the light source is enabled and disabled through a simple PLC level voltage on the rear connector and is turned on and off electronically. The light source does not require external shutters and is enabled only when needed.

**CAUTION:** 

Any material exposed to UV, when not in motion, can reach very high temperatures as it absorbs the UV energy. Turn off the light source when not actively UV curing.

## **Intensity Control**

The intensity of the UV output is controlled through an analog voltage (Pin 2 on the DB15 connector). The valid range of this voltage is 0.1 to 10Vdc. 10Vdc corresponds to 100% output irradiance and UV power and 0.1Vdc corresponds to 1% output irradiance and UV power.

The output of the FL400 varies linearly from 1% to 100% for intensity control voltages between 0.1Vdc and 10Vdc. If no UV output is desired at 0%, the enable line (Pin 3) should be pulled low. Performance of the FL400 below 0.1Vdc and above 10Vdc is not specified.

## **Fault Feedback Outputs**

The status of the FL400 is given by the states of the Thermal Fault Feedback line (Pin 5 on the rear connector) and Fault Feedback line (Pin 11 on the rear connector). The lines are high when the FL400 is in the Ready state, meaning there are no faults detected and the UV output may be enabled through the Enable line. If either line is low, the FL400 is in the Not Ready state, indicating the UV output will not enable.

The Not Ready state is caused by one or more of the following conditions:

- The FL400 DC power supply is turned off.
- The FL400 DC power supply is providing a voltage too low or too high for proper operation.
- The FL400 is in thermal shutoff due to excessive internal temperatures. The Thermal Fault Feedback line will be low.
- An error has been detected in the current drive to the LED array. The Fault Feedback line will be low.
- Refer to the troubleshooting guide later in this manual for help identifying the cause of the Not Ready state.

## Irradiance as a Function of Distance

The UV emission from the FL400 UV light source diverges with distance away from the window glass. However it is important to note that as the distance between the media and the emitting window increases, the total energy (dose) delivered by the light source remains constant. Peak irradiance decreases as the working distance increases, but it is offset by an increase in the exposure area (light footprint), keeping the dose constant.

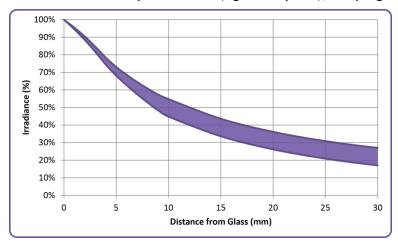


Figure 3.1: Irradiance as a Function of Distance

## **Monitoring Temperature**

The performance of the FireLine light source, which is a water-cooled system, will be directly impacted by the temperature of the cooling water and flow rate. Irradiance will increase slightly at cooler operating temperatures, for example at initial system start up.

Therefore, a temperature monitoring device has been integrated into the system to help monitor light source temperature during operation. The device inside the unit outputs a voltage signal of 0 to 7.5Vdc to Pin 15 which corresponds to 100mV per degree Celsius. For example, a reading of 2.55V equates to 25.5°C.

Phoseon recommends that the customer monitor the temperature through the DB-15 connector (Pin 15). If the reported temperature changes by more than 10 to 15 degrees from steady state operating conditions, this could indicate a problem and the environmental conditions should be inspected. See Troubleshooting Guide later in this manual for more information.

In addition to monitoring the system temperature, a separate temperature switch has been integrated into the light source to shut down the emission of UV light when the light source has exceeded a safe operating temperature. The light source will shut off to prevent a thermal run away condition and a Thermal Fault signal will be output (Pin 5).

Note:

When a temperature fault occurs, the light source will shut off automatically. The light source will turn back on automatically when the operating temperature has returned to an acceptable value.

Do not exceed the water temperature specifications as indicated in 28384 Water Cooling Requirements.

## Service

For further details contact Phoseon Technology by phone at +1.503.439.6446 or email at customerservice@phoseon.com

## **Troubleshooting Guide**

Table 4.1: Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Pin 5: Thermal Fault	Pin 7: UV Override	Pin 11: Fault Status	Pin 15: Temperature	Fault	Troubleshooting	RS485 Logging (If RS485 used)
Not Enabled No Active Faults	24V (no thermal fault)	Open (24V)	24V (no fault)	X	No Fault	Apply +24V on Pin 3 to enable. If control signals are in question, isolate the lamp from the control system, and connect Pin 3 directly to Pin 6. If lamp operates, then it is was not receiving the correct enable signal from the controller.	No FW log entry
UV OFF if Enabled No Active Faults UV Override Active (pulled low)	24V (no thermal fault)	Closed (pulled to 0V)	24V (no fault)	Х	UV Override is Active	Disconnect Pin 7 from Ground (leave open; it is internally pulled high to 24VDC)	No FW log entry

Symptom	Pin 5: Thermal Fault	Pin 7: UV Override	Pin 11: Fault Status	Pin 15: Temperature	Fault	Troubleshooting	RS485 Logging (If RS485 used)
UV ON if Enabled Active Fault	24V (no thermal fault)	Open (24V)	0V (fault)	X	Over Voltage, Input Voltage >53V	"Adjust DC power input to lamp (48±1VDC)  Note: fault is not logged for first 10 seconds when DC power is applied, fault response is within 1 second of detection after the initial 10 seconds.	Event Code 5: Flt-inputV_hi
	24V (no thermal fault)	Open (24V)	0V (fault)	X	Under Voltage, Input Voltage <43V	Adjust DC power input to lamp (48±1VDC)  Note: fault is not logged for first 10 seconds when DC power is applied, fault response is within 1 second of detection after the initial 10 seconds.	Even Code 6: Flt-inputV_lo

Symptom	Pin 5: Thermal Fault	Pin 7: UV Override	Pin 11: Fault Status	Pin 15: Temperature	Fault	Troubleshooting	RS485 Logging (If RS485 used)
UV OFF if Enabled	0V (thermal fault)	Open (24V)	0V (fault)	>6.0V (60°C)	LM35 Temperature Sensor, FW controlled: Over temperature >110°C	Ensure minimum water flow requirement is met. Ensure cooling fluid is within specification: 20-35°C. Fault status will clear and UV will turn on (if enabled) when the light source has cooled down to ≤4.0V on Pin 15.	Event Code 3: Flt- FW_overtemp FW set limit at the factory
Active Thermal Fault Active Fault	0V (thermal fault)	Open (24V)	0V (fault)	>6.0V (60°C)	Airpax Temperature sensor, HW switch: Over temperature > 110°C	DO NOT SHUT-OFF DC Power Ensure air inlet and exhaust have at least 50mm clearance. Ensure ambient air temperature is ≤ 50°C, and filters are not clogged. Fault status will clear and UV will turn on (if enabled) when the light source has cooled down to ≤ 4.0V on Pin 15.	Event Code 2: Flt- temp_intrlck
UV Off or Only Partially On if Enabled Active Fault	24V (no thermal fault) Part or all when enab		0V (fault) np remain	<6.0V (60°C)	Blown Fuse	Shut off DC power Contact Phoseon	Event Code 1: Flt- blown_fuse

# **Window Cleaning Instructions**



## User Guide

Phoseon requires inspecting and cleaning the emitting window of the light source for any debris or UV material on a regular basis, up to daily if needed, to maintain the quality of UV light output.

Note: Do not submerge the light source or spray any liquid directly onto the light source.

The materials needed to properly clean the Phoseon light source, can be purchased from most home improvement supply stores, paint stores, or auto-body repair shops.

#### Materials Needed:

- Dry Paper Towels
- · Razor Blade and Handle
- IPA Pre-moistened Wipe
- Gloves: Vinyl and Sharp Resistant (i.e. Kevlar)
- Sharps Disposal Container

#### **Instructions:**

1. Disconnect DC Power from the light source.

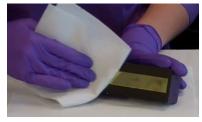
CAUTION: Wearing vinyl gloves is recommended to avoid getting any uncured UV material on the skin.

- 2. Wipe down the glass with a dry paper towel to remove any uncured UV material.
- 3. Carefully scrape large debris off the window using the sharp edge of the razor.

CAUTION: Wear sharp-resistant gloves.

**Note:** If the razor needs to be replaced, dispose of the razor blade in a properly marked sharps container.

- 4. Use the pre-moistened IPA wipe to remove any remaining dust or debris left on the window during the cleaning process.
- 5. Repeat steps 2 through 5 until the window is clear of all contaminants.
- 6. If needed, use a dry paper towel to wipe down the light source.



Wipe Glass



Scrape with Razor



Wipe with IPA

# **Declaration of Conformity (CE)**

## **Product Identification**

Brand	Phoseon									
Product Family	Product Models									
FireEdge™	75x5 FE100 80x10 FE200 75x10 FE300 75x10 FE400 80x10 FE410 80x10	FE100 120x10 FE200 110x10 FE300 110x10 FE400 120x10 FE410 120x10	FE100 180x10 FE400 160x10 FE410 160x10	FE100 240x10 FE400 180x10 FE410 180x10	FE400 240x10 FE410 240x10					
FireFlex™	75x50	150x50	225x50							
FireFly	25x10 50x20 FF200 25x20	25x20 75x20 FF200 50x20	25x25 150x20							
FireJet™	225x20 ONE 75x20 FJ100 75x20 FJ100 G2 75x20 FJ240 75x40 FJ601 225x20 FJ605 300x20 FJ800 100x100 FJ801 100x100	ONE 150x20 FJ100 150x20 FJ100 GZ 150x20 FJ200 150x20 FJ240 150x40 FJ601 300x20 FJ605 375x20	FJ50 225x20 ONE 225x20 FJ100 225x20 FJ100 G2 225x20 FJ200 225x20 FJ200SLD 225x20 FJ228 225x20 FJ240 225x40 FJ601 375x20 FJ605 450x20	ONE 300×20 FJ100 300×20 FJ100 G2 300×20 FJ200 300×20 FJ240 300×40 FJ601 450×20 FJ605 525×20	ONE 375x20 FJ100 375x20 FJ100 G2 375x20 FJ200 375x20 FJ240 375x40 FJ601 525x20 FJ605 600x20	FJ605 675x20				
FireLine™	125x20 350x20 FL200 75x10 FL400 125x20 FL400SLD 125x20 FL440 125x40	150x20 450x20 FL200 125x10 FL400 150x20 FL400SLD 150x20 FL440 150x40	225x20 550x20 FL400 225x20 FL400SLD 225x20 FL440 225x40	300x20 675x20 FL400 250x20 FL400SLD 250x20 FL440 250x40	FL400 300x20 FL400SLD 300x20 FL440 300x40					
FirePower™	FP200 150x20 FP300 150x20 FP501 300x20 FP601 300x20	FP200 225x20 FP300 225x20 FP501 350x20 FP601 350x20	FP200 300x20 FP300 300x20 FP501 450x20 FP601 375x20	FP200 350x20 FP300 350x20 FP501 525x20 FP601 450x20	FP200 450x20 FP300 450x20 FP501 600x20 FP601 525x20	FP300 900x20 FP501 700x20 FP601 600x20	FP601 675x20			
KeyPro™ Explorer	25x10									
StarFire™	100x20	150x20								
StarFire MAX™	75x20	150x20	225x20	300x20						

### Manufacturer

**Excelitas Technologies** Name:

Address: 7425 NE Evergreen Parkway, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124-5845

United States of America Country:

## **Means of Conformity**

Excelitas Technologies declares that the product listed as a result of its design and construction is in conformity with the essential requirements and provisions of the following Council Directives and standards:

## **Applicable Directives:**

- 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Directive)
- 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility)
- 2011/65/EU (RoHS2)

## Standards Used to Verify Compliance:

- EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019/AC:2019-04/A1:2019
- EN 62471 (2008) IEC 62471 (2006)
- EN 61326-1 (2013)

## Signature

Signature (electronic): Rob Gomeau

Name: Rob Gomeau, Director of Operations

Place: Hillsboro, OR